The Bombay Gazette.

No 9,815.—New Series. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

THE Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	,, 25	Half-yearly	,, 31
Quarterly	,, 13	Quarterly	,, 16
Monthly	,, 5	Monthly	,, 6

To SUBSCRIBERS—Up-country.

In Advance.		*Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	,, 29	Half-yearly	,, 36
Quarterly	,, 16	Quarterly	,, 20
Monthly	,, 6	Monthly	,, 7

These Up country Rates include Postage Rates.
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Price for back numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Re. 1.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 0
Second do.	,, 2
Third do.	,, 2
Fourth and succeeding insertions	,, 0 2½ As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines. All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines which go to the inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ ,, ,,
Third and succeeding	2½ ,, ,,

In the Native Languages, double the above.
For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1 0
Each succeeding line	,, 0 4

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.
No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free to India*, Rs. 1[illegible] Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.
Price per Copy ..... As.
DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

ALL CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietors of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. ETHIOPIA, 2,032 Tons, on THURSDAY, 6th May, 1880, at 3 P. M., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, Portsaro called at in the foregoing or any order.

CONVEYANCE TO THE NILGHERRY HILLS.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. SOCOTRA, 1,947 Tons, on TUESDAY, 11th May, at 4 p m, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "UMBALLA," 840 Tons, on SATURDAY 8th May, 1880, at 10 a.m.

FOR NATAL, MOZAMBIQUE, ZANZIBAR, ADEN, HODEIDA AND JEDDAH,

S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on THURSDAY, 6th May, 1880. Cargo and Passengers for Mocha and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer at through rates. A favourable opportunity of passage to Natal is offered, as the Java connects at Delagoa Bay with Messrs. Donald Currie and Co.'s Line of Steamers to Natal and the Cape.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 4th May 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY,

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.
THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 1st of each Month. on the 24th,

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Without food.
Suez	350	220	80	
Port Said	380	240	90	
Messina	500	340	140	Including Wine.
Naples	500	340	140	
Leghorn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	520	350	145	

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—
INDIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st June, 1880.
SINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st July 1880.

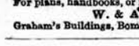
All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.
The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.
First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.
Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.
For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

F. MURAGLIA,
DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Joint Acting Agents, Rubattino S. N. Company.
No. 3, Hummum Street.
Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

HALL LINE

BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL.
CALLING AT MALTA.

FARE TO MALTA ..... Rs. 400.
,, LIVERPOOL ..... ,, 500.



THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—

	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	1880.
S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE	2300	300	J. Verril	19th May
S. S. RYDAL HALL	2700	400	O. Lloyd	19th June
SPEKE HALL	2700	400	W. Brand	21st July

These fast steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade.
Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.
For plans, handbooks, or for any other information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE

OF
TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN AND INDIAN STEAMSHIPS.

INDIAN SERVICE.

THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—
TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Commanders.	Tons.	H. P.	Nominal
S. S. SIDONIAN	McFee	1235	200	20th May.
S. S. BRITANNIA	R Hutchison	3080	500	20th do.
S. S. OLYMPIA	J. Craig	2050	424	17th July.

The Sidonian has not Passenger accommodation.

FOR MARSEILLES.

S. S. ALEXANDRIA	A. Landquist	1829	424	15th May.

FOR NAPLES AND LIVERPOOL.

S. S. INDIA	Geo. H. Read	2289	500	12th June.

These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian Trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.
Each steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.
Fare through to New York ..... Rs 600
,, ,, Liverpool ..... ,, 500
,, ,, Marseilles and Genoa ..... ,, 450
,, ,, Naples ..... ,, 400
For plans, handbooks of information, and for any further information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.
N.B.—The New York passages are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service either from Greenock or from London.
There are weekly sailings from either place.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

MESSRS. PAPAYANNI and Company's Steamers will be despatched as under.

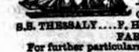
	Tons.	H. P.	
ARCADIA	1,885	230	about 15th May.
THESSALIA	1,887	200	,, 26th May.

These Steamers have comfortable accommodation for about twenty First Class Passengers. Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, 26th April 1880.

MR. DAVID McIVER'S LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
VIA SUEZ CANAL.



THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—

	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	from.
S.S. THESSALY	F. Hazbord.	1,925	200	on 5th June.

FARE ..... Rs. 400.
For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	8th do.
MONGOLIA	2833	580	E. M. Edmond	15th do.
SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	22nd do.
KARNAK	2021	450	H. J. Baker	29th do.
LOMBARDY	2723	450	W. B. Hall	5th June.
NIZAM	2125	450	G. W. Brady	12th do.
TEHERAN	2359	450	E. Stewart	19th do.
INDUS	3462	600	S. D. Shallard	26th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For passage, &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 30th April 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
GWALIOR	2782	450	J. C. Baker	7th May.
MIRZAPORE	3867	600	A. Parish	21st May.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 30th April 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
BANGALORE	2242	450	H. Wyatt	7th May.
SIAM	3014	500	G. N. Hector	21st ,,

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p. m, on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 30th April 1880. Superintendent.

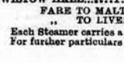
MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent F. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th March 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.
CALLING AT MALTA.



THE following STEAMERS will be despatched for the above port:—

Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	
BRANKSOME HALL	Collin	2,100	300 May 6th.
TRENTHAM HALL	J.C. Shaw	2,100	3 0 June 3rd.
WISTOW HALL	T. Collin	2,700	400 July 6th.

FARE TO MALTA ..... Rs. 400
,, TO LIVERPOOL ..... ,, 500

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.
For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000.

FIRE—LIFE—ANNUITIES.

ANNUAL INCOME	£552,906
FUNDS IN HAND	£926,044
CLAIMS PAID	£3,740,587

Policies issued and claims paid by

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents for Western India.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

ESPLANADE HOTEL.

MONTHLY RATES.
FOR
JUNE, JULY, AUGUST, SEPTEMBER.
TOP FLOOR,
Rs. 100.
THIRD FLOOR,
Rs. 110.
SECOND FLOOR,
Rs. 120.
These terms include
Apartments, Board, Attendance,
Ice, Baths and Lights.
No alteration in daily rates.

Esplanade, April 27, 1880.

PIONEER! PIONEER!

CAN be had for Annas 4 each, daily, from the Agents.
COOPER & COMPANY,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ANGLO-SWISS MILK

is received by
EVERY MAIL STEAMER.
Per Tin, Cash, Annas 8.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED.

POLO. POLO.

Canes with ash heads	each	Rs. 2 8
Do. boxwood heads	,,	,, 3 8
Balls	per dozen.	,, 6 12

Less 10 per cent. discount for cash.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.

A combination of Farinaceous and Vegetable Ingredients, Scented with agreeable and attractive Perfumes.

IT is perfectly innocuous to the most delicate skin, well adapted as an absorbent Powder for
TOILET AND NURSERY USE IN INDIA, and guaranteed to be
Free from Arsenic or other injurious matter.

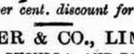
	Cash.	Credit.
Small size Tins	Rs. 0 10	0 12
Double size Tins	,, 1 0	1 2

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
Pharmacists and Dispensing Chemists,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO. (LIMITED.)

THE Company's Wholesale QUARTERLY PRICE CURRENT of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c, &c., copiously illustrated, is being issued from the Press, and will be sent free on receipt of Professional or Business Card.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED.



BY APPOINTMENT,
CHEMISTS, &c.,
TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

URBS PRIMUS IN INDIS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE ..... DAVE CARSON.
STAGE MANAGER ..... JOSEPH ARTHUR.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR ..... CHAS. MERRILEES.

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS
OF
DAVE CARSON & MISS CLARA STANLEY'S COMBINED OPERA COMPANY.

POPULAR OPERAS
AT
POPULAR PRICES.

Cheap and refined entertainments, unparalleled in the history of
AMUSEMENTS IN INDIA.

THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, MAY 6TH.
FOR THE SECOND TIME THIS SEASON,
CHARLES LECOCQ'S CHARMING OPERA BOUFFE,
ENTITLED
LA FILLE DE MADAME ANGOT,
will be given by
THE COMBINED COMPANIES.
MISS CLARA STANLEY
WILL APPEAR AS
CLAIRETTE.

CHARMING MUSIC.
ELEGANT COSTUMES.
SPLENDID SCENERY.

PROGRAMME.
AT 8-55.

OVERTURE ..... ORCHESTRA.
MADAME CARSON will preside at the Pianoforte.
AT 9 O'CLOCK.
LA FILLE DE MADAME ANGOT.
DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

CLAIRETTE ANGOT—(Betrothed to Pomponet)	Miss CLARA STANLEY.
Madlle. Lange—(Actress and Favourite of Barras)	,, Bertha Hoctor.
Larivaudiere—(Friend of Barras and conspiring against the Republic)	Mr. J. B. Ferrell.
Ange Pitou—(a Poet in love with Clairette)	,, F. Ferrani.
Pomponet—(Barber of the Market, Hairdresser to Madlle. Lange)	,, J. Rollings.
Louchard—(Police Officer, at the orders of Larivaudiere)	,, J. Arthur.
Amaranthe (Market Women)	Miss Carson.
Javotte (Market Women)	Miss Lizzie Wilson
Herzille—(Servant of Madlle. Lange)	,, Lilly Hedderwick.
Trenitz—(Dandy of the Period)	Mr. J. Dove.
Barbet—(Clairette's Servant)	Miss Kate Hedderwick.
Officer of Hussars	Mr. H. Oakley.
Cadet, Guillaume (Market Men)	,, C. Moore. ,, John Merrilees.
Buteux	,, J. Devono.

Market Men and Women, People, Citizens, Ladies, Hussars, Soldiers, &c.

SYNOPSIS OF SCENERY.
ACT FIRST:
MARKET SQUARE.
ACT SECOND:
MADLLE. LANGE'S RECEPTION ROOMS.
ACT THIRD:
PUBLIC GARDENS AT BELLEVILLE.

THE OPERAS PRODUCED DURING THE SEASON WILL BE UNDER THE SOLE DIRECTION OF
Miss B. HOCTOR.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

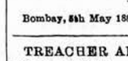
Stage Box to admit 8	Rs. 24
Private Box to admit 4	,, 12
Orchestra Stall	,, 3
Stall	,, 2
Pit	,, 1
Back Seat	,, 8 as.

Boxes and Orchestra Stalls can be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.
Doors open at 8-15. Performance begins at 9. Carriages may be ordered at 11-15.

Caricature Photographs of "DAVE CARSON AT HOME," by Bonasseton, 59, Rue St. Lazare, Paris, may be had of the Doorkeepers and Ushers. Price 8 Annas, each.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.



THE S. S. BRANKSOME HALL will sail for LIVERPOOL on THURSDAY MORNING, the 6th inst, from the Prince's Dock.

Passengers should be on board not later than 8 a.m.
EDWARD BATES & Co., Agents.
5th May, 1880.

THE VIEGAS SLIP COMPANY, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).

NOTICE.—The FIRST DISTRIBUTION of ASSETS of the above Company, which was to be made to the Shareholders on the 6th instant, has been POSTPONED until further notice.
By Order of the Liquidators,

NOWROJEE COWASJEE,
Secretary to the Liquidators.
Bombay, 5th May 1880.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the SIXTEENTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Fort Premises, on THURSDAY, the 13th May, 1880, at 4 p. m.

1. To receive the Accounts made up to 31st March, 1880, and the Directors' Report.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors.
4. To elect Auditors and fix their remuneration.

By Order,
JOHN CAMERON,
Manager in India.
Bombay, 4th May 1880.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
In the MATTER of the INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT X. of 1866, and in the MATTER of the NEW FLEMING SPINNING and WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED, IN LIQUIDATION.

HENRY RANDALL CORMACK, NOWROJEE FURDOONJEE, and MICHAEL R. DE QUADROS } Official Liquidators.

PURSUANT to an Order made by the High Court of Judicature of Bombay, NOTICE is hereby given, that the unsatisfied CREDITORS of the Fleming Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, in Liquidation, are required on or before the 22nd day of May, 1880, to SEND their NAMES and ADDRESSES and the PARTICULARS of their DEBTS or CLAIMS and the NAMES and ADDRESSES of their ATTORNEYS, if any, to the Official Liquidators at the Registered Office of the above Company at No. 28, Apollo Street, Fort, and if so required by notice in writing from the said Official Liquidators or their Attorneys, to come in and prove their said Debts or Claims at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the BENEFIT of any DISTRIBUTION made before such Debts are proved.—Dated this 1st day of May 1880.

ARDESIR & HORMUSJEE,
Attorneys for the Official Liquidators.

COOPER AND COMPANY, NEWS AGENTS.

THE following ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS and PERIODICALS are now open for immediate Subscription:—

NEWSPAPERS.	Bombay. Twelve Months. Rs. a.	Up-country. Twelve Months. Rs. a.
Bell's Life in London	22 8	24 8
Broad Arrow	22 8	24 8
English Mechanic and World of Science	13 12	15 12
Graphic (with all the extra Nos.)	24 8	27 0
Home News	19 8	21 8
Illustrated Police News	9 0	11 0
Illustrated London News (with all the extra numbers)	24 8	27 0
Illustrated Sporting and Dramatic News	24 8	26 12
Lancet	24 8	26 8
News of the World	12 8	14 8
Overland Mail	19 8	21 8
Pall Mall Budget	23 8	24 8
Penny Illustrated Paper	9 0	11 0
Pictorial World	14 12	16 12
Punch (with Almanac)	14 8	16 8
Queen and Ladies' News	30 0	34 0
Reynold's Weekly News	8 12	10 12
Scientific American	18 0	20 0
Scientific American Supplement	18 0	20 0
Vanity Fair	31 0	40 8
World	22 8	24 8
PERIODICALS.		
All the Year Round	6 0	7 8
Art Journal	18 0	20 0
Belgravia	7 0	8 8
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine	18 0	20 0
Bow Bells Novelette	4 12	6 4
Illustrated Carpenter and Builder	5 0	6 8
Illustrated Household Journal and Englishwoman's Domestic Magazine	7 0	8 8
Ladies' Gazette of Fashion	8 0	9 8
Ladies' Treasury	6 0	6 8
Le Follet	11 4	12 12
London Journal	5 8	7 0
London and Paris Magazine of Fashions	7 0	8 8
Men of Mark	12 0	14 0
Myra's Journal	4 0	5 8
Nineteenth Century	18 0	20 0
Once a Week	7 0	8 8
Sylvia's Home Journal	4 0	5 8
Temple Bar	7 0	9 0
Textile Manufacturer	8 0	10 0
Wedding Bells	4 0	6 0
World of Fashion	7 0	9 0
Young Ladies' Journal	6 4	8 0

☞ Back Numbers will be supplied if in Stock, or will be ordered out from England if available.
COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED.

WINE MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT.
ESTABLISHED IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR HALF A CENTURY.

SHERRY:
YELLOW SEAL,
PALE AND LIGHT,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 17.

SHERRY:
PALE DINNER,
AN EXCELLENT LIGHT DRY WINE FOR GENERAL USE
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 23.

SHERRY:
VINO DE PASTO,
A GOOD GENEROUS DINNER WINE,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 27.

SHERRY:
OLD DRY,
VERY SUPERIOR, SOFT, AND DRY,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 30.

SHERRY:
GOLDEN,
A RICH NUTTY-FLAVOURED DESSERT WINE,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 30.

SHERRY:
MANZANILLA,
VERY DRY AND PALE, UNSURPASSED FOR DELICACY AND PURITY,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 30.

SHERRY:
AMONTILLADO SUPERIOR,
OLD AND CHOICE,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 38.

These Wines selected with great care by the Company's XEREZ Agency are deservedly acknowledged by Connoisseurs to be of the highest class.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

ELEGANT AND USEFUL ARTICLES IN BEST ELECTRO SILVER PLATED WARE,

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Breakfast Cruets, in numerous elegant patterns	from 8 0	Ice Pails, several descriptions	from 10 0
Beer Mugs, a large variety of patterns and designs	,, 10 0	Ice Pitchers, the best manufactured	,, 45 0
Biscuit Boxes, a very choice assortment of artistic patterns	,, 18 0	Inkstands, a great variety suitable for Presentation	,, 8 0
Butter Dishes, a variety of attractive patterns	,, 15 0	Knife Rests, in numerous devices, per pair	,, 3 0
Cruet Frames, Three, Four or Six Bottles	,, 20 0	Match Stands, Shell, Crown, Bird and other patterns, per dozen	,, 7 0
Claret Jugs, with Metal, Glass or Porcelain Body	,, 20 0		,, 6 0
Candlesticks, with straight or Tulip shades per pair	,, 20 0	Napkin Rings, in cases of six, or separately	,, 1 8
Cake Basket, in many ornamental designs	,, 35 0	Pickle Frames, Two Clear Cut Glass Bottles	,, 25 0
Dishes, Vegetable or Beefsteak, in sets or separately	,, 55 0	Salvers in all sizes, Engraved or Embossed	,, 20 0
,, Trifange, Three Compartment, in one Dish	,, 80 0	Salt Cellars, in Pot, in cases, or separately	,, 12 0
Desert Knives and Forks in cases, Plated, Ivory, or Pearl Handles	,, 85 0	Soda Water Stands for 3 Bottles	,, 15 0
Egg Frames, in various sizes and styles	,, 20 0	Sardine Boxes to take original box	,, 14 0
Fish Carvers, in cases, various patterns of styles and sizes	,, 18 0	Tea and Coffee Sets, in numerous patterns	,, 150 0
Fish Knives and Forks, in cases, Pearl, Ivory or Plated Handles	,, 85 0	Teapots, in great variety of styles and sizes	,, 30 0
		Toast Racks	,, 10 0
		Trinket Stands, novel and choice patterns	,, 12 0

ELECTRO SILVERED SPOONS AND FORKS.

The Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c., of all the Patterns mentioned below are of superior manufacture. The *Fabric* of every article of the best quality of *Nickel German Silver*, massive in make, and thickly coated with a deposit of *Pure Silver*, which will be found, under ordinary care, to wear well for years. THE FOLLOWING ARE NET PRICES FOR CASH PREPAYMENT ONLY:—

	The Fiddle or perfectly plain Pattern.	The Queen's Pattern.	The Lily and Beaded Pattern.		The Fiddle or perfectly plain Pattern.	The Queen's Pattern.	The Lily and Beaded Pattern.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.		Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Table Forks ..... per doz.	32 0	40 0	36 0	Sugar Tongs ..... each	2 8	5 0	4 8
Dessert Forks ..... ,,	20 0	30 0	27 0	Mustard Ladles for			
Table Spoons ..... ,,	26 0	40 0	36 0	1 Cruets ..... ,,	2 0	3 0	3 0
Dessert Spoons ..... ,,	20 0	30 0	27 0	Gravy Spoons ..... ,,	5 0	7 0	6 0
Tea Spoons ..... ,,	16 0	20 0	17 0	Soup Ladles ..... ,,	7 0	12 0	9 0
Egg Spoons, gilt bowls ..... ,,	14 0	20 0	19 0	Sauce or Milk Ladles ..... ,,	3 8	4 12	4 0
Mustard Spoons gilt bowls ..... ,,	14 0	20 0	17 0	Butter Knives ..... ,,	3 0	5 0	4 8
Salt Spoons, gilt bowls ..... ,,	14 0	18 0	16 0	Pickle Forks ..... ,,	1 8	3 0	3 0
				Skewers ..... per inch	0 4	0 6	0 6

** *The Articles can be supplied in small quantities to suit purchasers, either as single pieces, in pairs, or in quarter dozens, as may be required.*

THE TANTALUS LIQUOR FRAME.

A USEFUL AND HIGHLY ORNAMENTAL PRESENTATION ARTICLE.

The TANTALUS consists of a Tray holding three full-sized handsomely Cut Spirit Decanters, the contents of which are secured from pilfering or adulteration by an Ornamental Cross Bar Handle, to which is fixed a Lock and Key. The TANTALUS is manufactured in beautifully carved well-seasoned Oak or Walnut, handsomely mounted with Electro-plated Fittings, forming a very attractive, useful Ornament for the Sideboard. Nett Cash Price ..... Rs. 150

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MEIFFRE NEVEU AND CIE.,
AUX VILLES DE FRANCE,
LADIES' GENERAL FRENCH OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE.
NOW REMOVED TO RAMPART ROW AND CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

Dark Cambric Costumes, from	Rs. 15 to 25	Long Sealskin Jackets, from	Rs. 75 to 90
Navy Serge do. do.	,, 25 to 40	Do. Astrakan do. do.	,, 35 to 40
Thick Tweed do. do.	,, 25 to 50	Warm Ulsters do. do.	,, 15 to 45
Warm Home-spun do. do.	,, 20 to 45	Rain-coats do. do.	,, 14 to 25
Guernsey quilted do. do.	,, 35 to 60	Alpaca Cache Poussiere	,, 12 to 20
Norfolk travelling with extra Jacket	,, 45 to 75	Flemish Linen Dust Coats	,, 8 to 13
Warm Cashmere Dressing Gown, lined flannel	,, 15 to 25	Dark Cambric Petticoats	,, 5 to 10
Warm Oxford Jackets, from	,, 15 to 30	Warm Petticoats	,, 8 to 15

Complete Outfits for Ladies and Children, ready for wear.

Flannel in different Colors,
Waterproof cloaking.
Cotton and Merino Stockings.
Ladies' Undervests.
Tweed Hats.
Terai, Hats.
Fancy Deck Hats.
Sealskin Caps.
Alexandra Jackets.
Bhawls.
Scotch Mauds.
Mufflers and Wrappers.
Blankets.
Bathing Gowns.
Towels.
Linen Collars and Cuffs.
Paper Collars and Cuffs.
White and Colored Handkerchiefs.
Neckties and Fchus.
Sponges.
Toilet Requisites.
Fitted Bags complete.

Boots and Shoes.
Folding Deck Chairs.
Ladies' Trunks.
Travelling Boxes.
Hat Boxes.
Belled Linen Bags.
Leather Purses.
Air Pillows.
Rezais [Indian Quilts].
Rug's Straps.
Silk Umbrellas.
Parasols.
Tin Baths.
Nail Brushes.
Tooth Brushes.
Hair Brushes in Cases.
Combs and Powders.
Perfumes.
Soap Boxes.
Luggage Labels.
Pens.
Work Boxes, &c., &c.

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RAMPART ROW & CHURCH GATE STREET,
AUX VILLES DE FFANCE.

[FIFTH ANNUAL PUBLICATION.]

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The "GUIDE" contains an increased amount of local and general information, corrected to the latest practicable date; while the whole contents of the work are carefully revised and re-arranged, and made as correct and trustworthy as possible.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES.

WE beg to call SPECIAL ATTENTION to the following SPECIALITIES, just received in the NEW CONSIGNMENTS from ENGLAND and PARIS:—

THE "STRAP" SHOE,
In BLACK MOROCCO LEATHER, with 2 ELASTIC STRAPS covered with SMALL SATIN ROSETTES, and neat SILVER BUCKLE in centre of each strap. Rs. 8-8 per pair.

THE "ROSETTE" SHOE,
In BLACK FRENCH GLACE, or DULL GLOVE KID with neat SILK and VELVET ROSETTE. Lined with pale kid Rs. 9-8 per pair; also with BLACK SATIN ROSETTE and BLACK BUCKLE. Rs. 10-8 per pair.

THE "WALKING" SHOE,
In BLACK MOROCCO LEATHER to LACE IN FRONT. A really strong and serviceable shoe for rough wear. Rs. 6-8 per pair.

THE "DRAWING-ROOM" SHOE,
In BLACK FRENCH GLACE KID, with single ELASTIC STRAP, surmounted with NEAT SATIN ROSETTE, and with SMALL ROSETTE in FRONT SPRINKLED with GOLD BEADS. Rs. 11-8 per pair.

THE "EVENING" SHOE,
In BLACK FRENCH GLACE KID, or SATIN with LOW FRONTS, EMBROIDERED with BLACK BEADS, and SMALL BLACK BOW. Rs. 10-8 per pair.

THE "BALL" SHOE,
In WHITE SATIN, with NEAT SATIN ROSETTE and SMALL SILVER BUTTERFLY BUCKLE, and Lined with White Kid. Rs. 9-8 per pair.

Also, in WHITE SATEEN, with NEAT SATIN ROSETTE and S

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 5.

REUTER'S telegrams of yesterday's date report no change in Consols or French Rentes, which are still quoted at 99⅛ and Fcs. 118½. Indian Government Securities are the same as on Monday, viz., 79 for Fours and 85½ for Fours-and-a-half.

The market rate of discount for 4 months' sight Indian Bills is still quoted the same as the Bank rate.

In the London General Produce markets the only change is an advance of 1s. in the price of Mid. Plantation Ceylon Coffee, which is now quoted at 92s. per cwt.

The market for Piece Goods in Manchester yesterday was flat, but with the exception of a decline of 1⅛d. per piece in 9lb. 45 inch Shirtings, and 3d. per piece in 45 inch Mulls, there are no alterations in the prices in the public telegrams, but private advices report a very weak market and rates generally lower all round.

Cotton in Liverpool yesterday was still very dull, but the only change in values was a decline of 1-16d. per lb. in Dholleras. The day's sales amounted to 7,000 bales, of which 700 bales were Surats. Americans for forward delivery in London are a shade steadier.

Telegrams from New York of yesterday still quote Mid. Uplands at 11 13-16 cents per lb. and Futures for August delivery at 11·96 cents. per lb. The receipts at the U. S. ports to date are as follows, viz :—

	1880.	1879.	1878.
Yesterday's Receipts	5,000	3,000	4,100
Four days'	13,000	11,200	11,100
Total since 1st Sept.....	4,639,000	4,314,200	4,089,700

BAR SILVER in London yesterday was quoted by Reuter at 52 1-16d. per oz., but private messages quote it at 52d. to 52 1-16d. per oz.

STERLING EXCHANGE opened this morning weak at 1-16th below our yesterday's quotations, but during the day a steadier feeling set in, and Mercantile Paper was only negotiable at 1-32d. per Rupee above the morning's rates. Telegrams from Calcutta reported the market there steady at our quotations. It is expected that Council Bills to-day will be allotted at about 1s. 7 15/16d. per rupee, in which case we may see the amount for next week increased again. As usual on Wednesday there has been little doing to-day, both buyers and sellers holding off for the result of the sale of Council Bills. We quote :—

Bank Bills, on demand .....1s. 7 31-32d.		per Re.
Do. 3months' sight..1s. 8 3-32d.		,,
Credits 3 do. ...1s. 8 7-32d.		,,
Documents, 3 do. ....1s. 8 9-32d.		,,
France 3 do. 2·13½		,,

On Calcutta rates are unchanged at Rs. 99 15-16 for demand and Rs. 99½ for 60 days' sight drafts.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is unchanged, but rates are weak at Rs. 95¼ for Fours and Rs. 102 5-16 for Four-and-a-half.

SHARES.—The market keeps fairly steady all round, and Spinning and Weaving Companies are again in some instances rather dearer. The shares of the Alliance Mill have advanced to Rs. 1,575, the Bombay United to Rs. 825, the Khatao Muccanjee to Rs. 630, the Manockjee Petits to Rs. 1,210, and the Morarjee Gocouldas to Rs. 970.

COTTON.—Notwithstanding the continued dulness prevailing in the home markets, there has been more demand to-day, and a moderate amount of business has been put through at in some instances rather higher prices. A demand has again set in for M. G. Broach, and sales have been made to-day at Rs. 2 per candy, an advance on our yesterday's quotation, and good descriptions of Dholleras have also been in some request. The receipts from up-country yesterday were heavy, 12,445 bales, which makes a total of 41,459 bales for the four days. We quote :—

Good M. G. Broach.....Rs. 226 per candy			Ready.
,, ... ,, 223	,,		all May dely.
,, Oomrawuttee,..... ,, 212	,,		Ready.
,, Dhollerah ..... ,, 212	,,		,,
F. G. F. ,, ... ,, 204	,,		,,
G. F. ,, ... ,, 198	,,		,,

LINSEED keep steady at Rs. 6-4 per cwt.

RAPESEED is unchanged at Rs. 5-14 per cwt. for Gujerat.

FREIGHTS.—There is little alteration to report in steam Freights, which keep steady at 42s. 6d. per ton for Liverpool, 42s. 6d. per ton for Havre, 42s. 6d. per ton for Seeds to London, 47s. 6d. per ton for Measurement, 55s. per ton (Freight paid here at par) for Trieste and Venice, and 52s. 6d. per ton for Marseilles and Genoa. For sailing tonnage there is more enquiry and 41s. 3d. per ton has been paid during the day for Liverpool. [illegible] report, the market keeps dull and drooping.

COALS are rather easier, a small sale is reported of Davison's West Hartley at Rs. 18½ per ton alongside.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE STEAMER CLAN GORDON, 1,354 tons, Captain W. Cowie, sailed yesterday for Madras in ballast.

THE STEAMER EDWIN, 1,241 tons, Captain W. Stary, sailed yesterday for Liverpool with a general cargo and Mr. Kaikhusroo Rustomjee as a passenger.

THE STEAMER LEMNOS, 1,042 tons, Captain R. M. Clarkson, arrived in harbour on the 4th inst. from Kurrachee with a general cargo and one deck passenger.

THE A. H. LLOYD Co'S STEAMER MEMPI, 1,248 tons, Captain D. Forstich, will sail to-day for Trieste with a general cargo and the following passengers :—For Trieste.—Mr. John C. Sinclair. For Port Said.—Captain Marlinolich.

THE STEAMER BRANKSOME HALL, 1,347 tons, Captain R. Collins, will sail to day for Liverpool with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. H. Lushington, Mr R. E. Forest, Lieut and Mrs Wapshare, infant and ayah, Mr and Mrs. Kirkham, Miss Kirkham, Miss G. Kirkham, Master Kirkham, Mrs. Watling and two children, Lieut J. C. Fenton, Major the Hon. and Mrs. R. H. De Montmorency, infant and ayah, Mr. E. A. Leach, Mrs. Mourice, Mrs. Harrison, General W. C. Hamilton, Mrs. Giraud, 2 infants, 4 children and nurse.

THE P. AND O.Co's STEAMER MONGOLIA, 1,584 tons, Captain E. N. Edmonds, which arrived in harbour on the 4th inst. from Southampton, brought the following cargo :—1,284 packages piece goods, 8 cases umbrellas, 159 cases candles, 1,521 packages wine and spirit, 63 packages colour and paints, 8 cases boots, 3 packages quinine, 201 packages provision, 12 packages papers, 175 packages oilman stores, 145 bales twist, 8 packages window glass, 25 cases copper, 110 cases brass, 302 boxes silver coins, 3 boxes gold coins, 1 box gold and pearls, 8 boxes gold, 13 boxes specie, 404 boxes silver, 2 packages wax, 3 packages shells, 1 package gun and many packages merchandise.

ARRIVAL.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
4	Lemnos (s).....	Clarkson	Kurrachee, May 2.

DEPARTURES.

May	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
4	I. G. Dalhousie(s)...	Powell	Kurrachee.
5	Edwin (s).....	Stary	Liverpool.
	Clan Gordon(s).....	Cowie.....	Madras.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—Steamer Branksome Hall, Collins, to Liverpool. Steamer Memfi, Forstich, to Trieste.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—Steamer Umballa, to P Gulf via Kurrachee and K Coast. Steamer Lemnos to France. Steamer Mongolia to Southampton. Steamer China to China.

MADRAS.

May.	DEPARTURE.	
2	D. of Buccleuch (s).....	Calcutta.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Head Quarters, Simla, April 30.

The C-in-C in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

30th Native Infantry.—Lieut F. S. St. Quintin, 1-17th Foot, a candidate for the Bengal S C, to be Offg Wing Officer on probation, with effect from date of joining.

33rd Native Infantry—Lieut St G L Steele, 64th Foot, a candidate for the Bengal S C, to be Offg Wing Officer on probation, dated 17th April 1880.

With the sanction of Govt Major G S Hills, R E, is appointed Comdg R Engr to the Reserve Division, Kabul Field Force, from the date on which he took up the appointment. This cancels G O C C, dated the 13th Feb 1880, page 89.

With the sanction of Govt the following orders are confirmed :—

Peshawar Reserve Division order, dated the 9th March 1880, appointing Lieut R C Maxwell, R E, Adjt to the Comdg R Engr of the division, with effect from the 1st March 1880.

Kuram Station order, dated the 10th Feb 1880, appointing Captain R H W Plunkett, R A, Provost Marshal with the Kuram Force in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 12th Jan 1880, vice Lieut E H Molesworth, resigned.

The following orders are confirmed :—

Allahabad Division order, dated the 19th April 1880, appointing Passed Hospital Apprentice G T Milchem to officiate as Asst Apothecary, with drafts for 99th Foot, proceeding to Calcutta, on the 18th idem.

11th Native Infantry—Regtl Order, dated the 6th Dec 1879, appointing Captain E C Elliston, attached, to officiate as Wing Officer, vice Downes, proceeded on furlough.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—

Royal Artillery—Lieut G F A Norton, [No 16 Battery 9th Brigade,] to the port of embarkation, for thirty days from date of availing himself of it; and thence to England, for four months, on urgent private affairs.

1-21st Foot—Major R Cook, to England, for six months, from date of embarkation, on urgent private affairs.

16th Native Infantry.—Lieut Col [Bt Col] G H Thompson [S C] from the 20th May to the 20th Aug 1880, on medical certificate, in extension to the leave granted him in G O C C of the 6th Jan 1880, page 8, under rule XXVI of the furlough rules of 1880.

36th Native Infantry.—Lieut A T Banon, [S C] to Sultanpoor, Kooloo, from the 30th Oct 1879 to the 31st Jan 1880, on medical certificate, under the rules of 1868.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, May 1.)

HOME, REVENUE, AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

The Hon. Sir Alexander J Arbuthnot, KCSI, OIE, resigned his seat as an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Govr. Genl. of India on the afternoon of the 17th instant.

The Hon the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal has appointed Mr C A Wilkins, of the Bengal Civil Service, to officiate as Registrar on the Appellate Side of the Court during the absence on leave of Mr J Crawfurd.

Mr G M S Carter, Offg Asst Supt of Police in British Burma, to be Asst Supt of Municipal Police, Moulmein, vice Mr G M Doughty.

Mr J D Mercer, Inspr of Police in British Burma, to officiate as Asst Supdt of Police, vice Mr Carter.

Mr W N Porter, Asst Supdt of Police, and Offg Supdt, 5th grade, in British Burma, is confirmed in the latter appointment with effect from the 18th January 1880, vice Mr. M McLeod, resigned.

Mr C J O'Donoghue, Offg Asst Supdt of Police in British Burma, is confirmed in that appointment, vice Mr W N Porter.

The following temporary promotions have been made in the British Burma Police, with effect from the 26th Feb 1880 :—

Mr T F Fforde, Supdt, 4th grade, to officiate in the 3rd grade, during the absence on furlough of Mr T D Jameson, or until further orders.

Mr J C Perreau, Supdt, 5th grade, to officiate in the 4th grade, vice Mr Fforde.

Mr R A L Fanshawe, Asst Supdt, to officiate as Supdt, 5th grade, vice Mr Perreau.

Mr J W Mercer, 1st Class Inspr, to officiate as Asst Supdt, vice Mr Fanshawe

The services of the Reverend Alexander Ferrier, M A, Asst Chaplain of the Church of Scotland on the Bengal Establishment, are placed at the disposal of the Military Dept. for duty with the 72nd Highlanders.

The following gentlemen have been appointed to act as Comrs for the Govt of India at the Melbourne International Exhibition of 1880.

Messrs E C Buck, Bengal Civil Service; James Inglis, of Sydney; D A Sibthorp; and J E O'Conor, who will also be Secy to the Comrs.

Consequent on the departure on furlough of Mr A B Wynne, F G S, Actg Depy Supdt and Offg Asst of the 1st grade in the Geological Survey of India, the following appointments are made, with effect from the 3rd instant :—

Mr T W H Hughes, A R S M, F G S, Offg Asst of the 1st grade, to officiate as Depy Supdt.

Mr F Fedden, A R S M, F G S, Asst of the 2nd grade, to officiate in the 1st grade.

Lieuts the Hon' M G Talbot, R E, and F B Longe, R E, are appointed temporarily to the Survey of India as Supernumerary Asst Supdts of the 3rd grade, with effect from the 15th instant.

Mr A E Wild, Depy Conservator of Forests of the 3rd grade, now on leave, is transferred from British Burma to the Punjab.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The following extract from Bgde Orders issued by the Comdt Central India Horse, dated 8th April 1880, is confirmed :—

2nd Regiment—Lieut C J B H Dresner, Offg 2nd Sqdn Officer, to officiate as 3rd Sqdn Comdr, with effect from the 1st Jan 1880, vice Brevet Major M G Gerard, on field service.

The following extract from Regtl Orders issued by the Comdt, Meywar Bheel Corps, dated 20th Feb 1880, is confirmed :—

Major E Temple, Offg 2nd in Comd, Meywar Bheel Corps, and 2nd Asst Political Agent, Meywar, having joined on the forenoon of this date, will be returned accordingly.

Lieut F M Rundall, Offg 2nd in Comd, to revert to Adjt.

1 lieut R S Burn, Offg Adjt, to revert to Offg Wing Officer.

H E the Viceroy and Govr Genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr C A Barckhausen, as Consul for Sweden and Norway at Rangoon.

Subject to the confirmation of H M's Govt, H E the Viceroy and Govr genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Monsieur Blanchard de Farges, Consul Genl for France at Calcutta, as in charge of the office of the Consul Genl for Italy at Calcutta, during the absence of Chevalier J Gallian.

Subject to the confirmation of H M's Govt, H E the Viceroy and Govr Genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr Emile Badelier, as Actg Consul for Siam at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr E Fowle.

Captain A H Turner, Wing Comdr, 2nd Punjab Infantry, has been placed temporarily on special Political duty with the British Force under Lieut Genl Sir F S Roberts, K C B, V C with effect from the 17th Sept 1879.

Kazi Syud Ahmed, Attache in the Foreign Dept, is granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the 10th April 1880.

Mr F T Hewson, C S, Offg Political Asst, 3rd class, and Asst to the Agent to the Govr Genl in Rajputana, is appointed to officiate as Political Asst, 2nd class.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

On the 22nd March 1880, before noon, Surg-Major H E Busteed, M D, resumed charge of the office of Assay Master, Calcutta Mint, from Surg-Major P F Bellew.

Furlough for eighteen months, under Section 21 of the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Mr William Waterfield, Comptroller General and Head Comr of the Dept of Issue of Paper Currency

Mr James Westland having been appointed to officiate as Comptroller Genl and Head Comr of the Dept of Issue of Paper Currency, received charge of these offices, afternoon, on the 19th April 1880.

Mr H F Clogstoun having been appointed to officiate as Accountant Genl, Bengal, received charge of the said office from Mr J Westland on the 19th April 1880.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Staff Corps—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal S C, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon the Secy of State for India :—

Lieut Charles John Lewis Stuart, 1st Battalion, 17th Foot, Offg Sqn Officer (now Squadron Officer), 2nd Punjab Cavalry, Punjab Frontier Force, 2nd November, 1877.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

[illegible] the Secy of State for India are published for general information :—

1 The undermentioned candidates having completed the course of instruction at the Army Medical School, and having been reported qualified, have been appointed Surgs on the Bengal Establishment, their Commissions as such bearing date the 31st Oct 1879 :—

G W F Dennys, J W U Macnamara, H O Stuart, J Sykes, and J McD Stewart.

2 They will be allowed to count as service for full pay pension the period of their residence at Netley, from the 31st Oct, 1879, to the 8th March, 1880, inclusive.

Surg Major G A Watson, Medical Officer, 19th Bengal Lancers, and Offg Medl Storekeeper, Meean Meer, to officiate as Examiner of Medical and Fund Accounts, Bengal, during the absence on furlough of Surgn Major J Pitchal, M D, or until further orders.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

Lieut E D J O'Brien, 40th Foot, a candidate for the Bengal S C, to be Offg Sqdn Officer, on probation.

The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Lieut Col F E A Chamier, S C, Depy Comr, 1st grade, N W Provinces and Oudh, [o s] for 1 year 243 days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain H W Clarke, R E, Ex Engr, 2nd grade, and Depy Consulting Engr to the Govt of India for Guaranteed Railways, Calcutta, P W Dept [m c] for 1 year 182 days, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain G P Egerton, 39th Foot, Aide-de-Camp to His Honor the Lieut Govr of the Punjab, [m c] for 182 days, under G G O No 35 of 1876.

Lieut R H Marrett, S C, Wing Officer, 24th [Punjab] Regt of N I, Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, 3rd Class, on probation, [m c] for 1 year, under Rule I of the Regulations of 1875.

Surg Major J Pitchal, M D, Examinor of Medical and Fund Accounts, Bengal, [p a] for 1 year 182 days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Surgn Major J Fairwheather, M D [m c] for 1 year, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

Honorary Lieut and Asst Comsy R G Davies, Barrack Master, 1st Class, P W Dept, [m c] for 1 year 182 days, under the Regulations of 1868.

Conductor P J Ryan, Sub Engr, 3rd grade, N W Provinces and Oudh, P W Dept, [m c] for 2 years, under the Regulations of 1868.

Sub-Condr [Temporary Condr] Owen Maguire, to be Conductor; and Magazine Sergt [Offg Condr] Henry Myland, to be Sub-Condr, on probation, with effect from the 19th March, 1880, vice Condr T Ratcliffe, pensioned.

Sub-Condr Henry Myland will continue to officiate as condr until further orders.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps—To be Lieutenants—Second-Lieut James Craven, dated 22nd March, 1878; and Second-Lieut James Edward Evans, dated 8th April, 1878.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Mr A Flockhart, 3rd Class Engr, I G S Sir William Peel, is granted 20 months' leave to Europe on medical certificate, 16 months under Section 4, Supplement F, Civil Leave Code, and the remainder as extraordinary leave, under Section 10, Supplement F, of the same Code, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr Flockhart is also granted the necessary subsidiary leave.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr F F Hensley, Depy Examiner, Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Bombay, is granted furlough out of India for eight months, under Section 21 of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr G Cowper, Asst Engr 2nd grade, Railway Branch, is transferred from the Establishment under the Director Genl of Railways to that under the Govt of Bombay.

Major T O Wingate, Asst Engr, 1st grade, Military Works Branch, is promoted to Exe Engr, 4th grade, from 1st Jan 1880.

Mr R F Coppin, Asst Engr, 2nd grade, has been transferred from Railways under the Govt of Bombay to the Establishment under the Director Genl of Railways.

To fill vacancies existing in the P W Dept, Railway Branch, the undermentioned Asst Engrs, 1st grade, are promoted to be Exe Engrs, 4th grade, temporary rank, with effect from 1st Jan, 1880 :—

Messrs A Brereton, P P Deane, W A Lesmond, R C Beeston, and R A Way, Lts F T Maxwell, R E, and H Pilkington, R E, Messrs W de W Peel, and G V Martyn.

In the P W Dept, Railway Branch, the undermentioned Asst Engrs, 1st rade, temporary rank, will revert to Asst Engrs, 2nd grade, with effect from 1st April 1880 :—

Baboo Bhoobun Mohun Bose, Messrs W McHutchin, J E N Boydell, R M Marsh, G Cowper, H C Knox, S Rebsch, and J S Brown.

Mr A Morton, Asst Engr, 1st grade, Actg Locomotive Supt of the Ahmedabad—Pahlunpore Section of the Western Rajputana State Railway, is transferred to the State Railway Revenue Establishment in Class III, with effect from 1st June 1880.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT. COL. COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, 5th May 1880.

1 There will be drill for all recruits on Saturday's morning and evening as well as Mondays and Thur days at 6-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m., at the Town Hall. Those who have lately joined the Corps are requested to attend as many of these parades as possible before the monsoon sets in.

2 The monthly meeting of the Regimental Committee will take place at 6 p. m. this evening at Head-quarters. Members of the committee are requested to attend and also all officers Commanding Companies.

By Order, F. STOKES,
Captain and Adjutant, Bombay V. R. C.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTH.

GRIBBLE—April 30th, at Sandrock, Ootacamund, the wife of J. D. B. Gribble, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

WYNTER—WOOLLEY—April 29th, at All Saint's Church, Cannoor, by the Rev. O. Dyne, Captain W. Rose Wynter, 14th (King's) Hussars, to Alice E, second daughter of R. Woolley, Esq., of Woodcote, Coonoor.

DEATH.

MORPHETT—May 1st, at St. Thome, Madras, Vida, widow of Captain Mark Morphett, late 57th Foot, and Deputy Post Master General, Madras.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & CO.,
OF HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY,
AND
EAST STREET, POONA,

HAVE the pleasure of announcing that MR. A. MENIST, Oculist's Optician, of Amsterdam and London, has APPOINTED them AGENTS for the SALE of his CELEBRATED PEBBLE SPECTACLES, &c., &c.

The reason they have for accepting the Agency is as follows :—

Having tried to procure, regardless of expense, in all the CHIEF TOWNS OF ENGLAND AND ALL LARGE CITIES, Pebbles and Frames equal to those produced by MR. MENIST, AND HAVE TOTALLY FAILED TO APPROACH THEM.

One of the chief essentials in good Spectacles is to place the Pebbles before the eyes in a proper position and at a proper distance according to the particular defect of sight being treated Ill-made and loosely jointed frames, by causing a displacement of the Pebbles, entirely alter their focal power, and so injure the eyes, for this reason Mr. Menist makes his frames of Gold and Silver only, which have been found by experience the best adapted metals for the purpose, possessing the necessary temper, without being liable to oxydise in use. Steel Frames he does not make, considering that they are not calculated to do justice to his Pebbles, and his object being to secure, as nearly as possible, perfection, not cheapness, though in a climate like India, it is doubtful if there would be any economy in Steel, as it corrodes so quickly and has to be renewed so often, to say nothing of the discomfort and injury to the sight. Aluminium cannot be used, because it stains he skin by contact, leaving a black mark that will not wash out.

His Non-Pressure Eye-glasses are so well made that you may twist the Spring in any direction without breaking it, neither is there the slightest pressure when wearing, nor the least mark remaining when removed.

His 12-LENSE DUCHESSE, all in Aluminium, are as powerful as Field-Glasses and are all Achromatic.

His Field, Marine, and Opera-Glasses may be used for hours without causing the eye to aches.

Messrs. M. and Co. have made arrangement to receive their patients in a PRIVATE ROOM, it being hardly possible to test and suit the eye sight without such convenience. Mr. Menist has left them instruments, which enables them to test each eye separately, it being frequently the case that one eye requires a different accommodation to the other, as well in magnifying as diminishing powers. Messrs. M. and Co, have received valuable information from Mr. Menist, by which to suit the eyesight.

Pamphlets can be had on application.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1880.

WE wonder how far the "making the best of things" tendency of military men may be credited with the present unsatisfactory condition of the army. The military fashion, as it prevails from the Duke of Cambridge downwards to the N. I. brigadier commanding at Dustypore, is to extol the army at the expense of fact and common sense, as a perfectly organised machine which is fit to go anywhere and to do anything. And the chief reason why Sir Garnet Wolseley and his school are hated by the "vested interests," the Conservatives of the service, is because they call a military spade a spade without hesitation, and never a superior shovel. It is blasphemy in the eyes of the army sinecurists to tell of anything but the old traditional fictions about the army, and it is [illegible] to evince a fine professional spirit to cast the lie in the teeth of [illegible] who speak the naked truth about it. And this, too, although the same military Conservatives can express great contempt for the hypocrisy of churchmen, and for the jesuitry of professions other than their own. The stigma of blasphemy, of Mutiny, and every military crime notwithstanding, we cannot but think it a piece of stupidity for any military man in authority to describe the army as other than it is, although, remembering the severe criticisms the author of the "Battle of Dorking" incurred, it is very natural if military men prefer to remain silent on the subject. What, for instance, can be more absurd than for a military orator to declare, as he is now often heard declaring, that the so-called "boys" of the British army are superior in discipline and physique to all the veterans that ever went before them; that it would be the proudest moment of his, the post prandial orator's life, to command such young heroes, etc., etc., when all the time some such universally credited critic as Dr. Russell is describing, as an eye-witness, the dreadful misdoings of these young heroes in Natal? What more ridiculous than to read General Routine's laudatory remarks upon the native regiment he has just inspected previous to its march to the front, in which general order the major general has to "express his perfect satisfaction with everything he has seen, and congratulates the commanding officer on the admirable efficiency of the regiment," when we all know that the regiment has only three European officers, (two colonels and a subaltern) with it, and when a few months after we read in the news from Kabul that a number of the sepoys are discharged as "unfit for service." General Routine, if he told the honest truth about this regiment, would say that he was greatly dissatisfied with it, and that he considered it quite unfit for active service. He would say that the corps was inefficient for want of European officers, and that the few officers it had with it were senile, and much too old for their duties. He would say that the regiment contained some hundreds of sepoys too weakly or too old for campaigning; that they could not march, and that he, the major general, was inexpressibly shocked to see the number that fell out of the ranks as stragglers and who carried their shoes in their hands to save themselves from foot sore. But General Routine, to do him only justice, would never think of saying anything so unpleasing to his superiors as all this. He would leave General Wolseley to do *that* if he liked. And the consequences to the public and the country of General Routine's art of making things pleasant are, the postponement of army reforms to the hazard of the national honour if not to the hazard of the national existence.

The army was perhaps never so bepraised and so confidently pronounced to be able to go anywhere, as just previous to the commencement of the Crimean War, when it was soon found in practice proved to be absolutely at a standstill. And it is generally when its organization is at the worst that its so-called friends most stoutly maintain its superexcellence, and with a loyalty worthy of a better cause. Even now, when the Afghan war exhibits the scandalous disorganisation of the native army,—the regiments without officers or recruits,—there are champions of this rotten military system to be found in the Indian papers—vested interests we suppose, who can only regard the army as a means to an end—Colonel's allowances. Not even the parade strength of the regiments which lined the road for Sir Richard Temple the other day and which ranged from a hundred and ninety to three hundred strong, would convince these champions of the go anywhere and do anything creed that the Native Army is not absolute perfection, and its plan of recruiting one regiment at the expense of another, one of the finest schemes of reserves-making ever invented. We can only admire the *esprit de corps* of these champions while deploring their want of *esprit* in a general way.

Indeed, there is perhaps none of our national institutions,—not excepting the law,—which has so much sham and bunkum in its composition as the military one. Perhaps all the false pride and speciousness which prevents reform is a dispensation of Mars himself to prevent the English army from becoming so powerful as to swallow up all the others of Europe—an eventuality which would debar the God of Battles his amusements in the future. When we consider that the fighting and reserve forces of England number no less than 550,000 *effective* men, and that England could add to these quite 200,000 natives of India if she liked, we begin to perceive the uses of those military bobadils whose vapid speechifying tends to keep such vast powers of offence in a condition of comparative harmlessness. Imagine an English and Indian army of seven hundred thousand men, organised on the German method, and mobile as Moltke could make it! Why, it would run over everything military on earth. There is not a *possible* alliance in Europe which could encounter it. But Mars, we repeat, desirous of equalising forces, so that wars may never cease, has given to the strongest military power in the world an organisation which counterbalances all its strength, with heads empty, or full of selfish vanity, to keep it so. In point of fact, all these vast forces for which so many millions sterling are paid, are only paper forces. Out of the 550,000 effectives we question if England could put eighty thousand at once in the field, while as for the 200,000 natives our whole Indian military system would have to be altered before the half of that number could be relied upon as *effectives*. In India we have great forces, so to speak, pent up, but as our military system now is these forces are quite as useless as if they were buried deep in the bowels of the earth. And we may thank the blatant Conservatives of the service that it is so. Enemies to all reform, they have made the public waste huge sums on skeleton forces, disorganised and incomplete, when the same sums judiciously spent must have given India an army and reserves numbering quite 200,000 first class troops. But then the public would have missed the after-dinner speeches, no doubt, and the bunkum mixture it loves so well of Campbell, Eliza Cook, and General Routine. What more do we want than an Empire on which the sun never sets, an army that can go anywhere and do anything, a flag that has waved a thousand years, and the comforting assurance that we never will be slaves! What, indeed! It is only pestilent persons like he of Dorking, or those of the Wolesley school, who cannot be content to let things slide, who are not perfectly satisfied with the magnificent heritage here described. Nevertheless, and at the very least, a prudent man will insure his treasures, though the go-anywhere party may deem this quite unnecessary while they themselves are about.

IT is no doubt desirable, as well as inevitable, that Sir John Strachey should give up and go home; but is it becoming that the *Standard*, the organ of the Conservative party, for which he perilled so much, should be the very first to raise the cry for his dismissal? The lesson, it is to be hoped, will not be lost upon Anglo-Indian officials. To swerve a hair's breadth from the strict line of official duty, or even to give rise to the suspicion that they do so to serve the purposes of party at home, is not only to court discredit, but ingratitude. But what is this "grave error" in the Budget which has induced even the *Standard* to throw Sir John Strachey overboard? Is it different in kind or in degree merely from the error of minimising the cost of the war which was pointed out in these columns at the time? The Government of India has posted an explanation of the matter which we are eager to get. Why does it not telegraph the pith of the explanatory statement?

THE *Daily News*, which is in some sort the official organ of Sir Garnet Wolseley, "publishes a paragraph"—written, we will venture to affirm, by Mr. Archibald Forbes—stating that Sir Garnet will probably succeed Sir Frederick Haines as Commander-in-Chief. So that things are ripening; our only general will come to India, go to the seat of war and reduce Afghanistan to order. Things were sure to come to this pass. How could a war be brought to a conclusion anywhere without the descent of this god from a machine to put everything right?

MR. KIRKHAM, who sails to-day for Europe on fifteen months' furlough, has been not only a distinguished educational officer, but a foremost member of the Bombay Town Council and Corporation. In the latter body his clearness of view and his exceptional powers as a speaker distinctly raised the general level of Municipal debating, and added considerably to the prestige of the one representative institution in Western India. He was a member of the new Municipal Corporation from the first, and for several years has been a member of the Town Council—in the first instance an elected member, and afterwards nominated by Government. While taking a prominent part in all questions of interest to the city, he has not been forgetful of the claims of education, and the Corporation at his suggestion has nearly doubled its contribution to primary schools. Mr. Kirkham has been Educational Inspector of the Central Division for the last two years during the absence of Colonel Waddington, and in that capacity has been of great service to the missionary and other educational bodies in the administration of grants-in-aid awarded by Government. Mr. Kirkham has been in harness for some nine years past, and well deserves the brief holiday which he now takes.

AT the election of a Justice of the Peace yesterday to the seat on the Corporation left vacant by the departure of Mr. Kirkham, the Chairman, Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, proposed the official, and as it turned out, the successful candidate, Dr. Cook. The voting was taken by show of hands—in itself a clumsy and certainly an unusual process at Justices' meetings—and the Chairman counted the votes and declared that Dr. Cook, whom he had himself proposed, was duly elected. The friends of the other candidate, Captain Walshe, immediately demanded a poll, which was promptly refused by the Chairman on the ground that in his opinion it was not necessary. This refusal was received with much indignation, and the Chairman ultimately consented to the poll. He asked Captain Walshe's friends to go into another room, but they demurring and suggesting that both parties should file into opposite lobbies as was usual in such cases, the Chairman again changed his mind, and declared that as many persons had left the hall before the poll was granted, there could be no poll. This new decision was challenged, as the poll had been demanded instantly upon the chairman announcing the result of the show of hands. But the Chairman thought there was nothing in this. It was proposed by some of the indignant dissentients to move a vote of want of confidence in the Chairman, but that course was not taken, and the Chairman declared the meeting dissolved. Doubtless the matter will be the subject of an appeal to the Presidency Magistrate's Court, in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Act.

ENGLISH COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 16.

THE elections being now over, all but that in the *Ultima Thule* of Orkney and Shetland (where Mr. Samuel Laing, once Finance Secretary for India, has to fight for his seat against a red-hot Conservative Protestant from Edinburgh, who believes that Mr. Laing has long outlived any popularity he ever had) we have time to look about us and enquire as to the prospects of business. On the whole, I cannot say that they improve. The accounts from India and the United States, the two mainstays on which we have all along chiefly relied, do not get any better, but rather worse, and as respects the latter it is to be feared that the causes of reaction are very likely to continue in force some time. The chief commodity which America wanted was iron, and it was the orders for iron that gave the first impetus to the revival of trade in England last summer. But the consumption of iron has so fallen off in the States that the native producers can supply all wants at even reduced prices, and hence English imports can find no market except at a decline in value, which does not pay the importer, and at which the article could not be sent across to cover cost of production. Last week the American ironmasters lowered their prices from 40 dollars to 30 dollars a ton, in order to check foreign importations—that is, importations from England and Scotland. But the change was little more than nominal as they had previously been selling much under their quoted prices, and Scotch iron was down as low as 28 dollars a ton. In other words, the sudden rush of orders which American prosperity brought about had led to the natural result of an expansion in native productiveness, which has already overtaken the consuming capacities of the country. What the imports from Great Britain did was only to fill up the gap caused by the inability of the Pennsylvanian ironmasters to meet all at once a suddenly enlarged demand. Of course it was hoped here that the necessity of buying from English makers would last all through this year at least. The prosperity resulting from two or three splendid harvests in succession would, it was believed, suffice to keep up for a good while longer the same extraordinary rate of consumption that was seen in the autumn of 1879. It is still possible that this anticipation may, notwithstanding present appearances, be fulfilled. The increase in consumption throughout the States was based upon a general resumption of investment in permanent works, and especially railways, which is still proceeding, if not upon the same scale. Another good harvest may again stimulate such works as railway extensions, especially in the newer States and territories, but of course we shall have to wait months before the effect is apparent. If, meanwhile, we have to pass through a period of lassitude and dull trade, much of the gain lately made will be lost, and commercial failures may recur in a way to paralyse speculation and bring back the era of distrust from which we only began to emerge about nine months ago.

It does not seem at all likely that we shall be troubled with dear money for a long time to come. From that at least the present lull in trade has saved us. Had the number of bills increased, as it was generally thought would be the case when the revival in business occurred, the rate of discount would not, as it is now, have been limited to 2½ per cent.; but, on the contrary, as the volume of paper did not appreciably augment at the height of the activity three months ago, it is not likely to swell now. To all appearance money will be easy and abundant until the fate of the coming harvest is made known when a new chapter in our industrial history will open. If that is a good one we may reasonably anticipate a fresh improvement in business; if it is again bad the prospect will be forbidding enough in all conscience. Let us hope it will belie present appearances, which are a shade less favourable than they were a week or two back. One disturbing influence at the moment is the American money market which, partly from the excessive stock speculation on the other side, born of prosperity, and partly from the suddenly increased consumption of all sorts of commodities, likewise born of prosperity, has been singularly feverish for sometime past. As mentioned in a previous letter, the published quotation of the value of money in New York never exceeds 6 per cent, because that is the legal limit under the usury laws, but the payment of a supplemental commission raises the charge to extravagant dimensions. Now at a certain point this charge may become intolerable, the first effect of which would be a sudden break down of speculation whether in corn, or cotton, or stocks, and a collapse in prices which would cause large shipments to be made to the English market and thus turn the exchange greatly against England. In that case a drain of gold from this side would set in, which could not but influence us seriously. Cotton has already given way a little in value owing to the better receipts, the difficulty in holding, and the less satisfactory accounts from Liverpool; and wheat has fallen in price, because the "ring" has much difficulty in borrowing money to keep its speculations af

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

BAR SILVER AND EXCHANGE.
LATEST LONDON QUOTATIONS.

LONDON, MAY 5, 5 P M.

At the weekly biddings for Council drafts upon India this afternoon tenders at 1s. 8d., received 17 per cent., all above that in full.

It is notified that the amount to be offered next week is 35 lakhs.

Bar Silver closed at 52 1-16d. per ounce market firm.

Four per cent. Rupee paper 79 ; Four-and-a-half ditto, 85½.

THE WEATHER AT JALLALABAD.

ALLAHABAD, MAY 5.

A telegram from Jallalabad says the heat there in the day time is very great, though the general health of the troops is good.

OCCUPATION OF NEW POSTS.

Ali Boghan and Barikab are to be abandoned consequent on the completion of the road commenced last year, and which runs close alongside the Kabul river. The new posts are Chardeh Tope, Lachipur, and Ali Boghan proper, which is some distance from the old post.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

The 1-12th Foot has been ordered back to India, the 5th Fusiliers moving up from Peshbolak in relief. The 14th Foot from Dandi Kotal relieves the 5th; and the 18th, Royal Irish, from Peshawur, relieves the 14th. The 12th Regiment will probably go to Cherat or some other hill station to recruit the health of the men which has been much impaired by over a year's residence in tents.

THE KABUL RIVER.

The Kabul river has been steadily rising, and a small portion of the bridge over the centre of the stream has been carried away.

NEWS FROM LOGAR.

The news from Logar is that the force reached Amir Killa quietly, the guns having safely passed through Tang-i-Wardak.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

THE RESIGNATION OF LORD LYTTON.

SIMLA, MAY 5.

Before the late general elections His Excellency Lord Lytton made a request to Lord Beaconsfield that in the event of the Ministry resigning office his resignation of the Viceroyalty of India might be tendered to the Queen-Empress, together with that of the Ministers then in office.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to signify to the Earl of Lytton that she has accepted his resignation and has appointed the Marquis of Ripon to succeed him.

THE ARRIVAL OF THE NEW VICEROY.

The Secretary of State for India has informed the Viceroy that the Queen wishes him to await the arrival of Lord Ripon, who will leave England on the 14th instant, arriving at Bombay by P. and O. steamer on the 1st of June.

LORD LYTTON'S FUTURE PLANS.

His Excellency the Earl of Lytton will, therefore, receive the new Viceroy at Simla, probably about the 6th or 7th of June, and after transferring the Viceroyalty will remain in the hills till the rains have broken in the plains.

His Lordship will then proceed with his family to Bombay, and embark for England in one of Her Majesty's ships which will be placed at his disposal by the Admiralty.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE BLUNDER IN THE INDIAN BUDGET.

LONDON, MAY 5.

The *Standard* urges the immediate recall of Sir John Strachey.

SIR GARNET WOLSELEY.

The *Daily News* publishes a paragraph, stating that Sir Garnet Wolseley will most probably succeed Sir Frederick Haines.

GORDON PASHA.

The *Daily Telegraph* publishes a paragraph, stating that Gordon Pasha has been appointed Private Secretary to the new Viceroy.

THE RIGHT HON. ROBERT LOWE.

The Right Hon. Robert Lowe is to be raised to the Peerage.

THE TROOPSHIP MALABAR.

The troopship Malabar is preparing for sea to convey Lord Ripon to India.

THE INCOMING MAILS.

ADEN, MAY 5.

The P. and O. S.S. Sumatra, with the outward English mails of the 23rd April, left here for Bombay at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and the Indus, for Galle and Calcutta, at 5 o'clock.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

PORT SAID, MAY 4.

The B. I. S. N. Company's Steamer Canara, outward bound for the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here this morning.

LONDON, MAY 4.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton market has been dull.	
Fair Dhollera	5¼
The Manchester market has been flat.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	6-1¼
8¼lbs. do.	7-6
40 Mule Twist	0-11½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	79
4½ per cent. do.	85¼
3 per cent. Consols for account	99⅜
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872	118½
Bar Silver	52 1-16

WEATHER REPORTS.—MAY 5.

CANNANORE, 4-59 p. m.—Weather clear ; wind strong N. W.

CARWAR, 5 p. m.—Weather fine ; wind N. W. 3 to 4 ; thermometer 88·8 ; barometer 29·870.

MANGALORE, 4 p. m.—Weather, blue sky ; wind 44·7 W. ; thermometer 88 ; barometer 29·88 ; wet bulb, 78·7 ; dry bulb, 58·75 ; max. 9·5 ; min. 81·5.

TUTICORIN, 3-15 p. m.—Weather fair ; wind S. E. ; thermometer 90 ; barometer 29·80.

VINGORLA, 5 p. m.—Weather clear ; wind westerly strong ; thermometer 88.

THE Press Commissioner telegraphs that the official explanation in regard to the cost of the Afghan war has been received by him too late to allow of his forwarding it to us for publication in to-day's *Gazette*.

AT a sitting of the Insolvent Debtors' Court yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Marriott, the presiding Commissioner, granted a discharge to Mr. Alexander Dick Cunnyngham, a partner of the late firm of Messrs. Finlay, Scott and Co., whose discharge was adjourned by Mr. Justice Bayley for a month with protection.

THE Act amending the Bombay Civil Courts Act of 1869, by which the Governor of Bombay is empowered to fix and to alter the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the subordinate judges appointed under the original Act, received the assent of H. E. the Governor General in Council at Simla on the 30th ultimo and is published in the last *Gazette of India*.

THE newly discovered deficit in the Indian Budget causes great apprehension to the vernacular journals, who know not how India will find relief from the serious financial errors committed during the Lyt on-Strachey administration. The *Bombay Samachar* demands the recall of Sir John Strachey without further delay, for the same reasons which make it advisable for Lord Lytton to retire, render it imperative that Sir John, who led his chief into the financial muddle, should give up the control of the Indian exchequer. The Indian Empire has in all conscience suffered enough at the hands of these twin failures in statesmanship, and the people must welcome the day when they will leave its shores. The *Jame-Jamshed* considers that the only direction in which it is left to India to look for relief from this appalling deficit is Great Britain who should be appealed to give a considerable share of the expenses of the Imperial Afghan war—a proposition which all reasonable men would see the justice of complying with, especially as the one great reason for burdening this country solely with those expenses, viz: that the budget estimates proved that India could easily bear the charge without the imposition of a new tax, has evaporated.

MAJOR PORTMAN, Inspector General of Registration, performed yesterday a very interesting ceremony in presenting to Mr. Byramjee Dadaboy, the Registrar of Bombay, the *sanad* of the Viceroy of India conferring upon him as a personal distinction the title of Khan Bahadoor. The distinction is with many a coveted one, and in the case of Mr. Byramjee has been acknowledged to be well deserved, Twenty-seven years of honest, meritorious service are said to have gained for him the good opinion of all his official superiors, and the respect and esteem of members of the general public who have had to transact business with him in his official capacity. Commencing life as a confidential clerk in the Political and Secret Departments of the Secretariat, he was specially selected for high posts in the Police Department ; and in 1865, on the organisation of the Registration Department, Bombay, was appointed Deputy Registrar, Fort and Colaba, being subsequently promoted to the office of Registrar of Bombay, in which latter position he is acknowledged to have done good service to the State from 1866 up to the present time, in the course of which period successive Inspectors General of Registration had (as Major Portman remarked yesterday) testified to the honesty and integrity of his character, and the ability with which he has performed his duties. The newly-created Khan Bahadoor is also Registrar of Joint Stock Companies and Registrar of Marriages under the Parsee Marriage and Divorce Act,—being also a Delegate of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court, a Justice of the Peace, and a member of the Municipal Corporation elected by Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

THE *Madras Athenæum* states that the report of Bishop Fennelly's death is not true.

A TELEGRAM has been received in China, announcing that two American commissioners have been appointed to negotiate a new treaty with China.

MR. BRIGHT has been nominated as the next Liberal Lord Rector of Glasgow University. The right hon. gentleman has intimated his acceptance of the nomination.

A NUMBER of native Chiefs are expected to visit Simla this season, the principal amongst them being the Maharaja of Kashmir, Maharaja Sindhia, the Maharaja of Jaipur, and the Maharaja of Darbanga.

THE following gentlemen have been appointed to act as commissioners for the Indian Government at the Melbourne Exhibition :—Messrs. E. C. Buck, B. C. S. ; J. Inglis, of Sydney, D. A. Sybthorpe, and J. E. O'Conor.

THE following candidates from the Army Medical School, having been reported qualified, have been appointed Surgeons on the Bengal Establishment :—George William Patrick Dennys ; John William Unthank MacNamara ; Henry Ogilvy Stuart ; Joseph Sykes ; John McDougall Stewart.

THE *Straits Times* states in reference to the murder of a French naturalist and engineer, recently, on the West Coast of Sumatra, that the Dutch authorities report that the native Raja has done everything in his power to punish the murderers. Their houses and plantations have been destroyed, and one man and his four followers concerned in the crime, shot.

IN his report on the operations of the Thuggee and Dacoity Department, Major Henderson notes that Major Hughs-Hallet [Superintendent of the School of Industry at Jubbulpore] had, in 1879, up to October last, arrested no less than twenty-nine dacoits. Major Henderson writes : "The arrest of all these men within such a short time confirms the opinion previously held by me, that Jubbulpore is a centre of dacoity."

THE appointment of Mr. C. A. Barckhausen as Consul for Sweden and Norway at Rangoon is officially recognized. Subject to the confirmation of Her Majesty's Government H. E. the Viceroy and Governor General in Council also recognises the appointment of Monsieur Blanchard de Farges, Consul General for France at Calcutta, as in charge of the office of the Consul General for Italy there during the absence of Chevalier J. Gallian ; and of Mr. Emile Badelier, as Acting Consul for Siam at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr. G. Fowle.

THE following is a summary of the reports on the state of the season and prospects of the crops for the week ending the 27th April :—Rain has continued in Bengal proper, Orissa and Chota Nagpore, Assam, Burma, Madras and the Southern Mahratta Country. The want of it is felt in parts of the Bengal Presidency and in a few districts in the north of the Punjab. The outturn of the *rabi* harvest has been generally satisfactory ; in Behar it is said to have been excellent. Preparations for *kharif* sowings are going on. Agricultural prospects and public health remain good.

THE total registered mortality from all causes during the week ending the 3rd April was 7,117 against 6,972, in the previous week, giving an annual per mille death-rate of 21·1 and 20·7 on the census population of 1868. Only three deaths were registered from cholera, *viz.*, one in the municipal town of Panipat, in the Karnal district, one in Jowallamukhi in the Kangra district, and the other in that of Khudian, in the Lahore district. From small-pox there were 225 deaths against 214, and from fevers 4,747 against 4,607.

IT is as well that people in India who write home to their friends on postcards should know that when an insufficiently stamped card is received the friend to whom it is addressed has to pay 7½d. Owing to the eccentricity of the Post Office authorities, cards of the kind mentioned are charged as insufficiently paid letters. Why, no one apparently has the least idea. The home authorities are in communication with the Indian officials on the subject with a view to having the matter brought within the bounds of reason, and possibly this may result in under-stamped postcards being looked upon as post cards. In the meantime it is as well to escape annoyance by being particular. A post card should be prepaid at the rate of 2 annas.

IT has been arranged between the Lords of the Admiralty and the Secretary of State for India that the Indian trooping service shall be placed on another footing, and that instead of charges being made by one department upon the other for the pay, wages, allowances, and victualling of the officers and crews of the five Indian troop ships, a fixed commuted rate for each ship per diem shall be paid by the Indian Government to the Imperial Exchequer. This makes the troop ships which shall have been specially maintained for the service of India more disposable for the movement of troops generally either at home or to the Colonies. The India branch of the Transport Department at the Admiralty is abolished under the new system.

THE Lahore paper says that the Punjab will be fairly represented at the Melbourne Exhibition by Delhi jewellery, Mooltan enamel work, pottery of every description, carpets, shawls, silks, embroidery, carving, &c. Some good samples of tea will also be sent, and we only hope the result may be an increase to the contemptibly petty trade in that article between India and Australasia. But is there much use in sending the Australians wheat? They grow more of it than they can consume, and some of the Australian varieties are excellent. It seems like sending specimens of continental coal to the English black-country. However, it is said on the best authority, that there are certain kinds of Indian wheat which excel in quality all others in the world ; and possibly enough a market might be found for them in Australia, as well as in the maccaroni manufacturing districts of Italy.

MR. EDISON, who seems to discover something new every few days, has now invented methods by which he can extract a greater amount of gold from the rejected residuum of auriferous quarts, termed by miners "tailings," than is obtained by the present processes from the virgin rocks triturated by the crushing mills. The agents he employs are chemistry and electricity. He takes a quantity of "tailings," which, so far as any known process is concerned, contain not a trace of gold, and produces therefrom the precious metal in quantities truly astonishing. He says that by his method he has got out gold from concentrated "tailings" at the enormous ratio in some instances of 1,400 dols. per ton, at an expense not exceeding 5 dols. per ton. This discovery was made by him while endeavouring to find a supply of platinum for his electric lamps.

THE *Pioneer* remarks that a natural hesitation is felt by the native merchants of this country in consigning their goods to the Antipodes, on the vague promise of a bronze medal, or a stamped parchment. They would, of course, prefer solid rupees. The difficulty, so far as concerns the Melbourne Exhibition, has been removed by the appointment of responsible agents, Messrs. Saunders & Co., of Benares, who are accredited by the Government Committee for the purpose of receiving on commission sale, or otherwise, any articles for sale or exhibit which commercial houses in India, who have no connection in the Colonies may wish to send. It is satisfactory to notice that the exploitation of Indian teas at the Sidney Exhibition has led to such practical results as a decided victory over the China importations. We trust that the Government Committee will not fail to profit by the lesson at Melbourne, and will be able to show that India can produce other useful commodities besides tea.

THE *Economist* says the fact appears now well established that the proportion of the trade carried on directly between India and England is steadily declining. The latest official report on the trade of India with other countries contains figures which support this opinion. Taking the facts as they stand since the opening of the Suez Canal, which was in working order shortly before January, 1870, it is found that the trade between the United Kingdom and India has scarcely increased at all in amount during the time referred to, while there has been a considerable increase in the aggregate volume of the trade of the country. We need not grudge an increase of traffic between India and continental centres for the distribution of goods at Trieste, Venice, Genoa, and Marseilles ; but there must be something wrong in the manner in which our trade with the East is conducted, if it does not expand in the same proportion as the remainder of the commerce of India.

PROFESSOR MARTENS, a well-meaning gentleman of Russian nationality, is never tired of pointing out that the real interests of England and Russia demand an arrangement in Central Asia and elsewhere. Speaking at the Navy Club, Cronstadt, the Professor refuted the opinion prevalent in England that Russian dominion in Central Asia was a source of danger to the British possessions in India, and declared the idea of a Russian invasion of India to be absurd. From Tiflis to the Indus is so many hundreds or thousands of miles, from the Caspian Sea to Merv is so many hundred more, and from Merv onwards so much farther. Therefore, the thing is impossible. It was a long way to Kabul, but the Russians managed to get there. Moreover, no one thinks of an invasion from Tiflis. It is by way of Tashkend that the real danger lies. One of the chief difficulties in the way of an understanding between Russia and England is the unfortunate circumstance that Russia does not keep her engagements, and that therefore her peaceful promises would be of small value.

THE *Daily News* has received the following account of the captivity of Colonel Synge from its correspondent at Smyrna :—"During the whole time of his captivity, Colonel Synge was kept in a cave, not far from Catterina, guarded by five men, and, save that he had to put up with very indifferent fare—bread and goat's flesh—and had to sleep on a bed of leaves, he never experienced any bad treatment at their hands. They had no fires during the day, fearing to be detected through the smoke. Once he was threatened to be roasted alive. It would appear that the chiefs of another band, unfriendly to Nico, came to the dragoman of the Consulate, proposing to catch him and bring him to Mr. Blunt, who would then negotiate for an exchange of prisoners. This came to the knowledge of the men guarding Colonel Synge, and they told him that, had this proposition been accepted and Nico captured, they would have flayed him covered him with petroleum, and placed him over a fire. Mr. Blunt, however, saw too much danger in the scheme, and declined it. When the money was being counted Nico examined carefully every piece to see that it was not marked, and insisted on a delay of twenty-four hours before allowing Colonel Synge to go, in order to enable him and his band to leave the neighbourhood, having from the first refused an amnesty. Nico is a young men, not more than twenty-five, short of stature, but with broad shoulders, possessing great intelligence, and beloved by his band. Among them were six Greek deserters, but the rest were Ottoman Greeks and Wallachs."

THE TROOPS.

THE Indian Government steamer Dalhousie, which sailed for Kurrachee on the 4th inst., carried 1 officer, 65 rank and file, 2 women and 5 children of the 2 11th Foot, 1 warrant officer, 64 public and 1 private followers of the Commissariat Department, 127 public followers of the 2nd Madras Cavalry, and 4 rank and file of the 5th Regiment N. I.

INDIAN SALARIES AND OUTFIT ALLOWANCES.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

THE following paragraphs of the late Secretary of State's despatch of the 12th February to the Government of India describe the changes which Lord Cranbrook determined to carry out at once in certain Indian salaries, and outfit allowances :—

"I have had under my consideration in Council the propriety of effecting various reductions of Indian expenditure, especially in the charges borne on the Home accounts. As the subject of military expenditure is being minutely investigated, both in England and in India, by Commissions appointed for the purpose, I directed that the present inquiry should be, in the first instance, addressed to other branches, and particularly to the question of the salaries and outfit allowances of persons appointed to office in India.

"It was brought to my notice that in certain cases, it was not competent to Her Majesty's Government without an alteration of the law, to effect any reduction of such allowances, and I have accordingly determined to have a Bill prepared for introduction into Parliament with the object of giving to the Government power to effect any changes of this kind, which may from time to time be desirable.

"The following are the alterations which I have decided, subject to Legislative sanction if needed, to carry into effect forthwith :—

"The salary of the Governors of Madras and Bombay, which is at present Rs. 1,28,000 [the equivalent of Sicca Rs. 1,20,000], will be reduced to Government Rs. 1,20,000, the Sicca rupee having long ceased to be a current coin.

"The salary of all Members of Your Excellency's Council will be reduced from Rs. 80,000 to Rs. 76,800, the amount now drawn by such members as are still in the Civil Service, and the deduction of four per cent. from the salaries of the latter will cease.

"The salary of Members of Council at Madras and Bombay will, in future, be fixed at Rs. 61,440, free of the deduction of four per cent., instead of at Rs. 64,000, subject to such deduction. The alteration in this case is nominal.

"The salary of the Commanders-in-Chief at Madras and Bombay will be reduced from Rs. 70,000 to Rs. 66,000, as I consider that while their salary should, so long as they retain their seats in Council, be somewhat above that of the Civil Members, it will fairly bear the reduction mentioned. In the case of the Commande-in-Chief in India, I do not make any change.

"The pension of £500 provided for Archdeacons, under a Construction of the two Acts of Parliament [Act 4, Geo. IV., Chap. 71, Sec. 2 ; and 53, Geo. III., Chap. 155, Sec. 54], has long ceased in practice to be granted ; and the opportunity will be taken to repeal those provisions of the law.

"As regards passage and outfit allowances, I find that the allowance of £5,000 formerly granted to the Viceroy and Governor General on his nomination was reduced by upwards of £1,400 by the payment of stamp duty and fee on appointment. The repeal of the stamp duties and the reduction of the charges connected with equipment and voyage have practically led to a great increased in the outfit allowance in this and other cases, which was not intended. I have accordingly determined that the passage and outfit allowances granted to those resident in the United Kingdom at the time of their appointment shall be reduced as follows :—To a Viceroy, £3,500, instead of £5,000 ; to a Governor of Madras or Bombay, £1,500 instead of £2,500 ; to a Member of the Council of the Governor-General, £800, instead of £1,200 ; and that none shall be granted to Members of Council at Madras and Bombay, as the appointment can only be given to an officer at the time in the Civil Service, and there is no reason for putting one who receives the appointment when on furlough in a better position than if he had been nominated in India.

"The passage and outfit allowances granted to the Commander in-Chief in India, if resident in the United Kingdom at the time of appointment, will be reduced from £2,500 to £1,500 ; to the Commanders-in-Chief at Madras and Bombay, from £2,000 and £1,500, respectively, to £1,000 in each case ; to the Bishop of Calcutta from £1,200 to £800 ; and to the Bishops of Madras and Bombay, from £800 to £400. The allowance of a Chief Justice at Calcutta will remain at £1,200 ; but that of the three other Chief Justices will be reduced from £1,000 to £800 ; but that of all Puisne Judges from £800 to £500. The allowance of £500 for an Archdeacon will cease because the appointment can only be given to officers in the Service, and there is no reason for placing one on furlough in a better condition than if he were in India.

"In the case of officers appointed to the Telegraph, Forest, Educational, and Ecclesiastical Departments, a free passage will be granted, but no outfit allowance ; the small allowance of £20 granted to lads appointed to the Bengal Pilot Service will, however, be continued, in addition to a free passage.

"It is intended to discontinue the allowance of £15g granted in five half-yearly instalments to students for the Forest Department during their residence at Nancy, but the prizes, which are inexpensive, and which are only those allowed to French students in the same school, will be retained. The arrangements for selected candidates for the Civil Service have been so recently agreed upon, that I have decided at present to make no alteration, except that the sum granted in prizes, which now are only allowed at the final examination, has been considerably reduced.

"The change in the salaries of Civilian Members of Council and the Judges, which is of a nominal character, should be effected from the end of the present official year. The other changes mentioned in this despatch will come into effect in regard to all future appointments, provided that no legal difficulty remains."

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY,

Gaiety Theatre, "La Fille de Madame Angot," 9 p.m.

Band Bombay Volunteers, Apollo Bunder, this evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 4th inst.—Lemnos (s), from Kurrachee.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 4th inst.—I. G. Dalbousie, to Kurrachee ; yesterday—Edwin (s), Liverpool ; Clan Gordon (s), Madras,

THE NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.—The Hon'ble Raymond West, M. A., has been elected Vice-President of the Bombay Branch of the National Indian Association.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Aden and Zanzibar, per extra Steamer Java, will be closed at the General Post Office to-day at 2 p.m.

MR. WILSON'S PONIES.—Mr. Wilson's beautiful little Burmese ponies which have been such favourites during the recent performances are to be sold in Bombay. This is a chance for somebody.

ST. PETER'S, MAZAGON.—Tuesday in Rogation week being the day appointed for intercession for missions to the heathen, a special service was held in St. Peter's, Mazagon, at 8 a.m. The preacher was the Rev. R. L. Page.

LAST FRIDAY'S LEVEE.—Mr. Manockjee Cursetjee's name which appeared in our list of presentations at last Friday's levée, ought to have been inserted in the list of those entitled to the private entree. We are glad to learn that Sir James Fergusson has continued to this veteran ex-Judge and reformer the compliment of private entree which Sir Richard Temple had, in appreciation of his sterling qualities, thought fitsome years ago to pay him.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Apollo Bunder this evening :—

March	The American War	Kuhner.
Overture	Mozart	Suppé.
Scena	Ed Aria	A Ricl.
Waltz	Hosarus Kianga	Gung'l.
Quadrille	Un Ballo in Maschera	Strauss.
Galop	Bravura	Schmuck.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUNICIPAL ASSESSMENT APPEAL.—On the 4th inst., Mr. W. Webb, acting Senior Magistrate, heard the appeal filed by Bai Peerozebai Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy against the assessment of the Fort house of Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy. The assessment return was filled up for Rs. 5,520 per annum, but the Municipal Commissioner assessed the property at Rs. 7000. Mr. Pestanjee Kavasjee, solicitor, appeared for the appellant ; Mr. Hutchinson appeared for the Municipality. After examining Mr. Flower, house agent, and Mr. Pestonjee Bapoojee, the proprietor of the English Hotel, Horaby Row, the magistrate upheld the appellant's return, namely, Rs. 5,520.

THE CURRENCY AT GOA.—A convention which has received the sanction of the Viceroy of India and the Governor General of Goa will come into force from 1st November next, equalising in almost every respect the Goa currency of silver and copper coin with that of British India, except that the effigy which the coins will bear will be of the King of Portugal. The new coin will be a legal tender throughout British India. The Bombay Mint will coin without any charge any amount of silver and copper for a period of three and five years respectively. Besides, the British Government agree to advance for every 18 months, ten lakhs of rupees which are to be repaid within two months.

ASSAULT.—Joseph Minchen was yesterday fined Rs. 20 by Mr. P. Ryan for assaulting a Parsee, named Hormusjee Jamsetjee.

OLD OFFENDERS.—Adamjee Mahomedjee and Suliman Moosajee *alias* Suliman Abdool were yesterday both convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of stealing a currency note for Rs. 10 and Rs. 24-14 in cash, the property of Ahmedally Issuffally. They were each sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

THEFTS.—Cooshna Gopall was yesterday sentenced by Mr. P. Ryan to one month's rigorous imprisonment for stealing a brass pot, valued at 12 annas, belonging to Bapoo Suckoo.—Gopal Pilnath, a sweeper, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee of stealing a pair of boots, valued at Rs. 2, the property of Ismaljee Currimbhoy, and was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

A FRACAS.—A number of Hindoos were arrested by the police on Tuesday night at about 9 o'clock on the flats near Mahaluxmee, for being drunk and creating a disturbance by fighting with each other. Among them was a man, named Morar Cullian, about 35 years of age, who was found lying on the ground suffering from a severe wound in the centre of his forehead. The injured man accused Hurry Shanker of having struck him with a stone. He was then removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he is said to be lying in a precarious state. Thirteen of the miscreants, together with the accused, were arrested on the spot by the police ; the others effected their escape. The thirteen men were yesterday charged before Mr. P. Ryan, at the Girgaum Police Court, with being drunk and disorderly in a public place. The hearing of the case was postponed for a week, pending the recovery of Morar Cullian.

THE POLICE IN SEARCH OF LOST CURRENCY NOTES. —A Mahomedan, named Russulbhoy Khanbhoy, a suspicious character, was taken into custody on Tuesday night on being found sleeping on the verandah of a house in Syud Abdool Rahmon Street. On searching him the police found Rs. 380 in currency notes and Rs. 3 in silver, and also a quantity of broken up pieces of embroidery. He failed to account satisfactorily for his possession of the same. The man appears to have made a rambling statement, that he brought the currency notes from Khundwa about three days ago. Previous to this, another Mahomedan, named Mahomed Beg Wully Mahomed, reported to the police that he had lost from his person currency notes to the value of Rs. 400 and Rs. 4 in cash, consequently it is supposed that the notes found in the possession of Russulbhoy Khanbhoy belonged to Mahomed Beg, who, it appears, received the notes from Junjeera and has already sent there for their numbers. The man Russulbhoy Khanbhoy is detained in police custody until information is received either from Khundwa or Junjeera verifying Russulbhoy's statement.

ALLEGED SYSTEMATIC THEFT BY SERVANTS.—Trikumdass Lowjee, a merchant residing in Mody Khana Lane, Fort, reported to the police on Tuesday last, that on opening his office at 6-30 a. m. on that day he noticed one of the windows open, and shortly afterwards observed that his writing box was missing. The box contained a diamond ring, valued at Rs. 950, four rings set with diamonds and pearls, valued at Rs. 200, an ingot of gold, worth Rs. 300, cash and currency notes to the amount of Rs. 68, and a quantity of foreign coin. It is said to have been picked out from amongst ten others, as it was the only box which contained any valuable articles, and this fact led to a suspicion that some of the complainant's servants must have committed the theft. Consequently Ghella Rowjee and Movajee Dewchand were arrested by the police on suspicion. It is supposed that the window was left open on purpose by Ghella Rowjee who, it appears, was working in the office with the complainant until near midnight, and that afterwards he, with the assistance of another person, climbed up from outside and got in by this window and removed the missing box. No trace of the box or its contents has, up to the present time, been discovered, but further enquiries are in progress.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

AT a sitting of the Court yesterday before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Marriott, the following among other matters were heard :—

RE PREMJEE JETHA AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Mankar, for the insolvents, applied for a postponement of the hearing for three months on the ground that one of the creditors could not be found or served. The case was postponed for three months.

RE KHATREE JAMAL OOSMAN.

Mr. Mankar, for the insolvent, applied for an interim order. Mr. Budroodin, for a creditor, opposed the application on the ground of want of jurisdiction and of fraudulent and reckless trading on the part of the insolvent, who is a dyer residing at Bandora. His liabilities amounted to Rs. 5,397. The application was efused.

RE ALEXANDER DICK CUNNYNGHAM.

The insolvent, a partner in the late firm of Messrs. Finlay, Scott and Co., whose discharge was postponed by Mr. Justice Bayley for a month with protection, was sworn and granted his discharge.

RE DHUNJEEBHOY BYRAMJEE RANA.

The insolvent, whose liabilities amounted to Rs. 7,016, did not answer to his name. His petition was dismissed.

RE RAMJIBHOY MANOCKJEE.

A rule *nisi* was granted six months ago for a final discharge to the insolvent in the nature of a certificate as a tradesman. It was now made absolute, and a final discharge was granted.

RE BHAICHUND VARDMAN.

Mr. Vicajee, for the insolvent, moved that the thirty days granted to the insolvent for filing his schedule be extended to two months on the ground that he was now at Baroda engaged in settling the State's claims upon him. He was sent for by Sir T. Madhavrao and had to proceed to Baroda, so that he has had no time to prepare his schedule. He was adjudicated an insolvent by Mr. Justice Bayley on the application of a creditor. The judge declined to accede to the application. Insolvent was directed to file his schedule within a month, instead of doing which he went to Baroda, treating the court's order with disrespect. Mr. Vicajee said his client went to Baroda before Mr. Justice Bayley's order was made,—not after. The judge remarked that the insolvent should have in that case come down to Bombay and not have treated the court's order with contempt. The application was refused.

DISCHARGES.

In the course of the day discharges were granted to the undermentioned insolvents :—Francis P. de Rozario, a clerk, Rs. 1,761. Limjee Cowsejee Punsgar, a clerk, Rs. 1,077. Ganu Dada Avutkar, a brick seller, Rs. 7,740. Ramjee Avajee, a vegetable dealer, Rs. 3,580. Gokul Jadow, Rs. 1,074. Sharafali Abdoolali, a servant, Rs. 1,179. Mateeali Kanjee, a writer Rs. 334. Khemjee Dewcuru, a dealer in grocery, Rs. 1,014. Nanabhoy Hormusjee Oomrigar, a dealer in country liquor, Rs. 1,093. Ramjee Hurry, a grocer, Rs. 1,089. Hirjeebhoy Byramjee Sodevalla, a hatter, Rs. 667. Moorari bin Balsett, a goldsmith, Rs. 1,049. Abdoolali Currim Jan Mahomed, Rs. 1,847.

THE "TIMES" ON SIR RICHARD TEMPLE.

IN an article upon the Liberal victory, the *Times* refers to Sir Richard Temple as follows :—Both parties must lament that the result of the East Worcestershire election involves the exclusion from the House of Commons for the present of Sir Richard Temple. He came from Bombay where he had just resigned the office of Governor of the Presidency in order to contest the seat in the Conservative interest, and independently of party considerations he could hardly have failed to be a valuable acquisition to the House. He has filled with the highest distinction offices in India which are only secondary to the highest, and much might have been expected from his great energy and his knowledge of Indian affairs. It is to be hoped he may soon be more fortunate elsewhere.

THE BOMBAY TOWN COUNCIL.

THE regular weekly meeting of the Council was held yesterday, there being present the Chairman, Dr Blaney ; Sir Frank Souter, Messrs. Douglas, Kirkham, Rao Saheb Wishwanath Mandlik, Messrs. Dosabhoy Framjee, Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Raghunath Narayen Khote, Rahimtoolla M. Sayani, and Fazulbhoy Cassumbhoy Gangjee. The Acting Municipal Commissioner, Dr. Weir, the Executive and Deputy Executive Engineers were also present.

THE MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS.

The Chairman submitted the lease of the Municipal buildings, to which the Municipal Commissioner had requested the seal of the Corporation to be affixed. The lease was for two years, leaving it optional if, at the end of five years, the Municipality would return the lease to Mr. Ardaseer Hormarjee Wadia, or continue it for the remaining five years. The object of this was to save the cost of stamps, &c., on the renewal of the lease after five years. The necessary repairs were to be executed by the lessor, but as the lessor wished some definite amount for that purpose to be fixed, Mr. Grant had fixed Rs. 500 per annum. The payment of the rates and taxes were as under the existing lease. The annual rental to the lessor was Rs. 1,400 a month, or a total rental of Rs. 16,800.

Mr. Khote believed that Rs. 500 was too little. He thought if the average was taken of what they had spent on repairs during the past years, it would be found to be much greater than that.

The Chairman did not himself approve of the limit of Rs. 500. The resolution of the Corporation was that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to negotiate with the owner for a lease of five years, with the option to renew it for another five years ; the lessor to make all the necessary repairs. The Corporation, he thought, were right in providing that the cost of all the repairs should be paid by the lessor, and the resolution made him liable for all "necessary repairs." He thought they ought to act upon the resolution of the Corporation alone and not vary it, and said the question before them here was whether that resolution ought to be varied or not.

Mr. M. N. Banajee said they had simply to abide by the terms of the Corporation's resolution, and proposed that the lease be remitted back to the Municipal Commissioner with a request that the terms of the resolution should be strictly adhered to.

The Rao Saheb supported this view and the proposal was afterwards unanimously carried.

THE MUNICIPAL ACTING APPOINTMENTS.

Government Resolution on Mr. Grant's three months privilege leave was recorded ; as also a letter to the Chief Secretary to Government reporting that Mr. Grant delivered over and Mr. J. M. Campbell received charge of the office of Municipal Commissioner, and others referring to Dr. Weir's appointment.

In connection with the Health Officer's absence on Mr. Grant, Mr. Brunton was recommended to act as Health Officer and Mr. Sorabjee Framjee Cooper (present chief accountant) to act as Secretary to the Town Council.

The Chairman thought Mr. Brunton's emolument while he acted for Dr. Weir ought to be fixed. On a former occasion the question had been put forward, and it was urged that he was not a qualified professional man to so act. But that argument did not hold good now, as then the Health Officer was really far away in Afghanistan and there was no medical man in the Municipality. But on this occasion Dr. Weir was present in person and would always give the benefit of his advice in the department when necessary. When the question came up before, he thought Mr. Kirkham had been rather hard in the matter, in fixing the remuneration at Rs. 150 only. He (Dr. Blaney) thought a fifth or 20 per cent of the Health Officer's salary was a proper allowance during the interval Mr. Brunton acted as Health Officer.

Mr. Kirkham was prepared to support the highest possible emolument to Mr. Brunton that could be given under any rule.

The extra remuneration was eventually fixed at the sum of Rs. 300 monthly.

The Chairman said they came now to the appointment of the Secretary. Mr. Barrow would be here on the 25th, and he proposed that Mr. Sorabjee Framjee Cooper should be appointed during the interval Mr. Sorabjee would draw no additional salary.

The appointment was approved of.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ACT.

This subject was again postponed as the papers were still in circulation. The memorial by the Lord Bishop and others requesting the Corporation and Council as representatives of the city, to refuse to spend any portion of the Municipal fund on the working of the Contagious Diseases Act, and to appeal to Government to desist from the introduction of that Act, received since, was also to be considered with the whole subject.

THE MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

The Chairman said that on the last occasion he had been asked to prepare and bring a review of the last Administration Report. On looking at the section of the Act he saw that the review should be as complete as possible, and not a merely superficial one. He had now brought his remarks here for the approval of the Town Council, and he need not say that he had dealt with the facts alone, and that carefully. He had used neither arguments nor given opinions in that review.

The Chairman then read the document, which was, with a few slight modifications, adopted. It was resolved that the same should be printed and circulated.

One of the recommendations contained in the Municipal Commissioner's Report, the Chairman thought could be disposed of at once. At the request of the Chief Accountant to the Municipality, Mr. Grant recommended that his designation should be changed to that of "Controller of Municipal Accounts."

The general feeling was in favour of this being done, but Mr. Kirkham, though not exactly opposing the proposal, pointed out that the present designation was the more correct one, and saw no reason why any change of title should be made.

The change of title was agreed to.

THE LOWER COLABA BAZAAR.

A complaint upon the prohibition of fish and meat being sold by "squatters" was considered. There is no regular market in this part of Bombay and the sides of one of the public thoroughfares was used for the purposes of a bazaar. One or two houseowners complained of this a nuisance, which deteriorated the value of their property in the vicinity. On the other hand several of the residents protested against being deprived of the means of getting fish and me

ried out. This system was introduced many years ago, has been carried out under at least five Viceroys, and with the approval of Lord Clyde, Lord Strathnairn, Lord Sandhurst and Lord Napier of Magdala, all of whom accepted it without protest. The late Sir H. Tombs is quoted in favour of Army Corps, but this is what he wrote to the Governor-General's Agent when he was commanding at Gwalior. "In conclusion, I would most strongly urge that there should be as little of the Poorbea element in the native portion of the British force at Morar as possible. . . . so long as the troops of the Gwalior State continue to be recruited from Oudh and the North-Western Provinces, it would seem a proper precaution to employ Punjabi Regiments in garrisoning Morar. The organisation of the Army Corps which Sir H. Tombs had in his mind did not therefore involve a separation of races as in the scheme of the Commission. It may be as well to explain here what is the principle on which reliefs of native corps are made. The system in force is to let Punjabi Troops serve two tours of relief (about 5 years) down country, and two years in the Punjab. In the same way Hindustanis serve 5 years or two reliefs in the Punjab, and ten years in the North-West and Bengal. It is therefore clear, that the sepoy is not disassociated from his home to the extent suggested by the Commission. It is true that this system cannot always be carried out, but the programme of reliefs submitted to Government, has always been based upon it as far as practicable. I trust the mixture of races in the military occupation of the country will be maintained.

30. In discussing the scheme for the redistribution of the army, I have followed the example of the Commission in calling it a territorial system, but now, apart from the question of races, it is more so than the system now in force, I am at a loss to imagine. Surely our divisions and districts as at present constituted, are territorial expressions having well defined limits, while brigade commands such as Agra and Mooltan denote a more circumscribed locality. The idea that the use of the term brigade, embodies an element of doubt and confusion, because it applies equally to a tactical unit, and to a local command, presents a difficulty hardly worth considering. The proposals of the Commission do not bring us one iota nearer to the possession of a tactical unit in connection with the distribution of the army into districts of classes and stations than does our present occupation by divisions, districts, and stations. We have long since been in possession of tables, showing what troops are available for service in each division, and what will remain in garrison after their withdrawal. These have been used in our recent concentrations.

31. It is always in our power to draw for active service complete brigades, under Brigadiers and staff belonging to their respective divisions. But it has been held to be more convenient not to tie down the Commander-in-Chief by any hard and fast rule, regarding the selection of either troops or commanders, leaving him perfect freedom to select commanders, staff and troops, as the occasion might seem to demand. Cases do arise which demand the employment of certain classes of troops, rather than others. This freedom of selection suits the actual circumstances of our military occupation of India, far better than a pedantic striving after the attainment of a local tactical unit. The areas of command allotted to our divisional officers are already sufficiently extended. The proposed reduction in their number is most undesirable, especially after the reduction which has taken place in those commands in the course of the last twenty years. In the year 1860, the Bengal army consisted of nine divisional commands, six first and six second class brigade commands. Now there are left six divisions, six districts, and three subordinate brigades. The armies of Madras and Bombay have suffered like, if not greater, proportionate reductions. These commands, the Commission would still further reduce, although they have to provide for the area which the Afghan war has added to our military occupation, *viz*, the Khyber and Lundi Kotal, the Kurrum Valley and Quettah, Pishin. I take here the limits considered by the Commission. Such reductions have in my opinion been already carried too far to be consistent with due military supervision and command, considering the vast extent of country occupied by our Indian army. I cannot think it right to accept the reduction to the extremely low scale advocated by the Commission. To do so would be not only to impoverish the service and to render the prospects of officers miserably poor, but would diminish the field for training officers for the exercise of higher and more important commands. This Government, though subject to temporary financial embarrassment, is still an Imperial Government to which the spirit and well being of its officers and soldiers must ever be a matter of great concern, and whose interest it is to have always at its disposal a sufficient number of officers whose qualifications for superior command have been ascertained by the fact of actual experience.

32. It is unnecessary to deal with the redistribution of the army, as set forth by the Commission, in anything like detail, for confessedly it provides for a situation which no longer exists, and which in all probability will never exist again. The Commission had not before it, we have not before us now, data upon which the requirements of the future can in any way be fixed, either in men or cadres. We well know that in these respects we want more than we have, and from this cause the relief of weak and sickly battalions at the front has become impossible. Had the situation as contemplated by the Commission held good, I should have objected to the diminution of cadres, whether British or Native, on general principles. The Commission recommend that the number of British Cavalry Regiments should be reduced from 9 to 6, and the British Infantry from 50 to 43 battalions, and the grounds given for the reduction are :—

1. Saving of cost.
2. Increase of fighting power of regiments.

Both these are true, and it was not necessary to ask the opinion of Commanding Officers as to the second. Commanding Officers are naturally in favour of strong regiments. I would advocate the same, were there not strong reasons for rejecting that, which though good in itself, is likely to produce evils which more than counterbalance the advantages which it offers. The best Continental armies are quoted in support of the contention. I quite admit that the numbers give the best for a fighting unit. But continental armies are massed by brigades, divisions and army corps—very different from the position of British Regiments in India. The position of necessity scattered all over the country where they are of story. If the proposal were an enormous territ scattered service to have large units for this or later wa were accepted, the result sooner terin ould be a division of these units, quar- regiments by wings, which is most de- ructive to efficiency, followed most probably by a reduction in the number of men. Having the increased number of cadres is the most ready means of effecting reinforcements. At least under a proper battalion system, this should certainly be the case. Instead of getting out fresh battalions on an emergency, we should get reinforcements to battalions already broken into service in India. These observations apply also to garrison batteries.

33. With reference to the remarks of the Commission in para. 191, I would recommend that in future there should be kept with British Cavalry Regiments, the full number of horses for each non-commissioned officer, farrier and trumpeter, and for 85 per cent. of privates. I have no objection to offer to the recommendation regarding the number of syces, which are nearly the same as those made by me last year for British Cavalry in Bengal, and which the Government have already sanctioned as a tentative measure.

(To be continued.)

LADIES' CLOTH AND KID BOOTS.

NARRONJEE DHURRUMSEY has just received a consignment of very Fashionable Black and Colored Ladies' Serge Boots, also Kid Boots. They are exceedingly nice and moderate in prices, and specially suitable for Ladies driving in their carriages, and Narronjee Dhurrumsey invites immediate inspection by his Lady Customers.

24, Apollo Street, Fort.

For Sale at this Office, under the authority of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce,

THE AMENDED FORM OF BILL OF LADING for Steamers from BOMBAY to LIVERPOOL via the SUEZ CANAL, as sanctioned by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, at their Meeting on the 28th August 1872. Price per 100 Copies, Rs. 4; 50 Copies, Rs. 2-8; 25 Copies, Rs. 1-4; and or single Copy, One Anna.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING, ENGRAVING, &c.

VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order at moderate prices.

Also,

WOODCUTS of every description engraved at shortest notice and at moderate prices.

Specimens may be seen at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

FOR SALE.

JEYES' PERFECT PURIFIER.—The most successful, effective, and economical of all Disinfectants for House, Farm, Factory Ship or Drainage Sanitation.

Price 1 gal. drums	.....	each	Re 3-8
8 oz. bottles	.....	per doz.	„ 4-0
4 oz. „	.....	„	„ 2-0
2 oz. „	.....	„	„ 1-8

CALISAYINE.—The new Tonic Bitters, unrivalled for pleasant flavor, and invigorating effect.

Price per case [24 bots.]	.....	Rs. 28-0
Dozen	.....	„ 15-0
Bottle	.....	„ 1-8

Each bottle is accompanied by a valuable little book of directions for mixing "dainty drinks," etc.

SAMPLES of both the above articles FREE on application.

STIRLING & CO., 2, Dean Lane.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 8th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c.

AT 1 P. M.

1 English built glass fronted miniature brougham with a strong fast trotting grey Arab horse and a set of plated mounted single harness (nearly new).

BONA FIDE.

On MONDAY, the 10th instant, at 12 NOON, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Clare Road, Byculla, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plateware, rich crockery and glassware, firstrate pictures, surgical instruments, medical books, a mahogany rich tone-d grand square piano by Broadwood and Sons, an Englishbuilt mail-phaeton by "Thorn." An American built four-wheeled buggy, a handsome glass fronted miniature brougham, a pair of handsome fast-trotting iron grey Arab horses, sets of single and double harness, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of the late Doctor F. W. Doolittle, the same comprises rich star-cut glassware, handsome dinner dessert and breakfast services, best plated ware, such as hot water, curry dishes, vegetable dishes, cruet, pickle, liqueur and eggstands, ice pitcher, tea set, biscuit box, salver, egg boiler, a set of spoons and forks for 6 persons, dish covers, claret jug, table and chamber candlesticks, cutlery, &c., handsome blackwood and teakwood, French polished household furniture, such as a set of dining table in 3 pieces, side boards, Madras pattern arm chairs, handsome circular pier, card, side and writing tables, easy, folding, reclining and drawing room chairs, convertible and reclining couches, firstrate oliographs and chromolithographs, a mahogany rich tined grand square piano by "Broadwood and Sons," iron and teak wood, fourpost bedsteads, dressing and washing tables, dressing and cheval glasses, clothes and gown presses, dispense articles, cooking utensils, valuable surgical instruments, medical books, a collection of beice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c.

AT 2 P. M.

1 handsome English built mail phaeton by "Thorn."
1 handsome American built four wheeled buggy.
1 pair handsome fast-trotting iron grey Arab horses.
Sets of single and double harness, saddles, &c.
Catalogues are published and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed goods and sweepings at Warl Bunder.

On WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the above mentioned place.

A quantity of unclaimed goods and sweepings.

BONA FIDE.

On THURSDAY, the 27th May next, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Breach Candy, the valuable and handsome French-polished carved blackwood furniture, best plateware, rich crockery and glassware, a mahogany semi-grand pianoforte by "Broadwood and Son," large gilt pier glasses, large birds' cages with birds, rich table vases and table ornaments, first-rate oil-paintings and oleographs in gilt frames, a first-rate silver plated sewing machine by Wilcox & Gibb's, can be worked either by hand or foot, with walnutwood case, a handsome English-built four-seated barouche by "Lawrie and Marner," a handsome strong English built mail-phaeton by "Sh. Barker & Co., Chandos," a pair of handsome fast trotting young Australian horses, a grey Australian brougham horse, sets of single and double harness, books, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., &c., the property of Risely V. Hearn, Esq., Solicitor.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

N.B.—The plants will be sold at 6-30 a.m. on the same day.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 6th May, 1880.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 6th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and colored piece goods, twist, &c.

2 bales Turkey red twist.
2 cases white shirtings.
5 „ colored Gagrapat.
2 bales grey shirtings.
20 dozen best sherry wine.
1 case stationery.
On account of Abdoolalli Dawoodkhan.
H. S. out of 413-17-3 cases playing cards.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT THE POWDER WORKS BUNDER, MAZAGON.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. have received instructions to submit to Pub le Auction on MONDAY, the 10th inst., at 3 p.m., on the premises, the following valuable landed property belonging to the Mazagon Manufacturing Company, Limited. All that piece or parcel of leasehold ground held by the Company from Government at a rental of Rs. 100 per month for a term of 99 years, renewable, admeasuring 20,000 square yards, lying on the south side of the Tank Bunder and close to the Port Trust Bunder, on which are erected the buildings, tanks, &c., standing there on suitable for a factory or a Spinning and Weaving Mill. Also a quantity of building materials, such as teak flooring, planks, window frames, door architraves, cast iron pillars, and gutters, stones—&c., but exclusive of the cotton presses, machinery, tools, &c., thereon, and of the wooden staging, posts, beams, fixtures, &c., erected for the working of the presses.

Full particulars and conditions of sale can be obtained at the office of the Company No. 17 and 18 Rampart Row.

AUCTION SALE OF WINES PROVISIONS AND MISCELLANEOUS STORES.

On TUESDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by public auction in the P. and O. Company's dockyard godown, a small quantity of wines and provisions also ships side Port and Scuttle Wire Hawsers, old brass, iron boiler tubes, old lead pipe sheets iron cock screws various articles of ships gear and other miscellaneous Marine stores.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be repaired on the lots being knocked downs purchasers will have to pay custom and other duties and clear the goods.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT THE POWDER WORKS BUNDER, MAZAGON.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. have received instructions to submit to Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th proximo, at 4 p.m., on the premises, the following valuable landed property belonging to the Mazagon Manufacturing Company, Limited.

All that piece or parcel of freehold hilly ground admeasuring 18,070 square yards or thereabouts, lying on the west side of the road running from the Bombay Defence's Office towards Tank Bunder, and at present yielding an income of Rs. 90-2 per month.

Full particulars and conditions of sale can be obtained at the office of the Company, No. 17 and 18, Rampart Row.

THE FRERE LAND & PIER COMPANY, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION.)

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Properties situate at Parel Road & Chinchpoogly.

On THURSDAY, the 3rd June 1880, at 4 p. m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order the Liquidators of the Frere Land Pier Company, Limited.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground, admeasuring 41,000 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the East by Chinchpoogly Road leading to Sawree, on the West by Parell Road, on the south partly by Parell Road, and partly by the property belonging to the late Sir Cowasjee Jehangheer Readymoney, and on the north by the properties belonging to Sahjee Rustomjee Commissariwala, Hormusjee Bomanjee Wadia and the Dinshaw Spinning & Weaving Company, Ld., respectively, and which said land stands in the books of the Collector under No. 2511 of the Revenue Survey No. 2511.

The above property is suitable for building purposes of mills or other industries, and will be sold in lots of 10,000 square yards each to suit the convenience of intending purchasers.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had on application to the undersigned, or at the above Company's Office No. 1, Church Lane, Fort.

ON MONDAY, the 7th June 1880, at 4 p.m., the undersigned will also sell by Public Auction on the premises (unless previously disposed of by private contract) by order of the LIQUIDATORS aforesaid, all that piece or parcel of land or ground with a large bungalow called "The Hellair," stables and outhouses, &c., standing thereon, containing about 53,500 square yards, situated on Chinchpoogly Hill, and bounded as follows: On the North by the property belonging to Muncherjee Cama and Frere Bunder, on the west by the Manchester and Bombay Spinning and Weaving Company, Ld., on the south by the Sawree Road, and on the north by the property of Jamsetjee Bomanjee, which said property stands in the Collector's Book under the New Revenue Survey No. 2,407.

The above property comprises valuable quarries which have been yielding lately to the said Company annual income of about Rs. 4,000.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned or at the Registered Office of the above Company No. 1 Church Lane, Fort.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
Few pieces of fresh ... canvass.
Few dozens of superior ... sherry.
Bombay, ... May, 1880. MENESSE & Co.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable landed property, situate at Mody Khana Street, in the Fort.

Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Company will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 10th day of May 1880, at 4 p.m., on the premises, the undermentioned property, by order of the Mortgagee, Morarbhoy Vijbhookandass, Esq., and on account and at the risk of Mansookras Heemukram, the receiver of the Estate and effects of the late Runnord Meghjee, deceased. Ruttonvow, widow, and Meghjee Premjee, Executrix and Executor of the last will and testament of the said Runnord Meghjee, deceased.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuages tenements, dwelling-house and stable standing thereon, now or lately known by the name of Jamsetjee Bhagowalla, situate, lying, and being on the west side of Mody Khana Street, in the sub-district of Fort and Colaba, in the island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 403 square yards, be the same little more or less, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under Nos. 708 and 709, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes, formerly under No. 58 and now under No. 59, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the east by Mody Khana Street aforesaid, on or towards the west by the house and premises belonging to Jewandass Bhowanee, on or towards the north by a piece of ground and stable belonging to Dayal Succaram, and on or towards the south by a public road called Dewjee Sanjjee Lane, and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of Jumnadass Khoosaldas deceased, and are now in the occupation of Mathooradas Lowjee and other tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply at the office of Messrs. Tyabjee and Sayani, Solicitors for the said mortgagee and to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 6th May, 1880.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF DAMAGED COTTON.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY the 7th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Victoria Bunder, Colaba, on account of the underwriters the undermentioned about 610 bales of cotton landed in a burnt and sea damaged state, resulting from the fire that took place on board the s.s. Patterdale on the 1st inst.

931—250 bales damaged cotton.
922—150 „ „ „
M
N B—110 „ „ „
2
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 6th May, 1880.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE,
TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

Cures Old Sores
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face
Cures Scurvy Sores
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL PARTS.

CURE OF RHEUMATISM AND SCORBUTIC ERUPTION.

The Elms, North Cheam, Surrey, S. 4th March, 1875.

"Sir,—I had been suffering from rheumatism for several years, together with scorbutic eruption of the skin, of a local nature, about the size of the palm of the hand, and was induced to try you Blood Mixture in consequence of two gentlemen in my neighbourhood having been cured of obstinate sore, on the body. After taking two bottles, I became much better, and continued it up to the tenth bottle, when I found the rheumatism had left me, and my arm was healed. I consider it a most valuable medicine.

"You are at liberty to use this letter in any way you think proper, for the benefit of others.

"Faithfully yours,
To Mr. F. J. Clarke." "THOMAS WATTS"

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d. each, and in Cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS, and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist,
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £5,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS,
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

London Office, 62, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED.)
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£175,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bough and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other prescription of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank Limited.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

BASS & CO.'S PALE ALE.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned—

HOGSHEADS	.....	Rs. 78
KILDERKINS	.....	„ 40

Special rates for regular customers.

LYON & Co.,
Sole Agents for Bass & Co.

McEWAN'S BEER

CAN always be had at the undernoted address; it is of excellent quality, and is highly recommended:—

PRICES FOR CASH.

Quarts	....Rs. 4 12 per doz.	in Casks of 4 doz.	
Pints	..... „ 5 0 „	„	7 doz.
Hogsheads	..... „ 60 0 per hhd.	„	

Apply to

WALLACE & Co.,
Sole Agents,
No. 4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE UNITED SERVICE WINE COMPANY.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

Reduced price of Spirits and Liqueurs.

Cognac, E. Vignier, Gassies & Co.'s Silver Vine Leaf	Rs.	25 0
Do do do. Gold	„	27 0
Old Blend of Campbeltown and Ben Nevis Whisky	„	22 0
Very old Blend of Campbeltown and Ardbeg (Islay) Whisky	„	23 0
Very old Blend of Islay, Ben Nevis and Glenlivet Whisky	„	24 0
Hollands Gin (Henke's) in clear square chrystal Flasks	„	18 12
Do do finest, in Hook bottles	„	20 8
Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters	„	20 0
Do. Bouquet, new liqueur	„	20 0

FIVE PER CENT DISCOUNT FOR CASH ORDERS.

FOR the convenience of Messes and Clubs we are now importing our MEDOC in LITRE and HALF LITRE BOTTLES.

	Cash.		Credit.	
1 doz. Bottles	Rs. 15	12	16	8
2 „ ½ Bottles	„ 17	12	18	8

CUTLER, PALMER & COMPANY, BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

ESPERANCE AND COMPANY,
COPPER-PLATE ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS.

BRASS STAMPS, OFFICIAL SEALS.
STEEL DIES, WITH CRESTS,
Armorial Bearings, Monograms, &c.,
ENGRAVED & EMBOSSED IN COLORS, NEATLY & WITH DISPATCH, IN THE BEST ENGLISH STYLE.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

BOMBAY:—2, DEAN LANE, FORT.

THE Undersigned have FOR SALE the following, Messrs. CURTIS & HARVEY'S GUNPOWDER:—

F	Rs. 11 per barre	lbs. each.	
FF	11-8	do	do.
FFF	12	do	do.
F	lb. tin	9 per dozen	lbs.
FF	do	9	do.
FFF	do	10	do.
F	½ do	10	do.
FF	do	10	do.
FFF	do	10	do.

The above prices are subject to 2 per cent. discount.
No. 6, 1 lb. cannister at Rs. 45 per case 28 lbs. nett cash.
Blasting Powder Rs. 8-8-0 per Barrel of 25 lbs.

HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM & Co., Sole Agents,
May 15, 1879. No. 6, Apollo Street, Fort.

ADVANTAGES OF ASSURING WITH THE ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE

All that Experience has proved Practicable and Prudent in the Modern System of Life Assurance, Annuities, Endowments, and Pensions, can be obtained with perfect safety,

COMBINED with the following
FIVE NEW AND IMPORTANT FEATURES
Not granted by any other Company whatever:—

1. Policy-holders can Vote at Meetings.
2. Amalgamations *impossible*.
3. Funds in Government Securities only.
4. Native Lives assured at European Rates.
5. Premiums reduced to English Rates from date of leaving any Port in India, Ceylon or China.

POLICY-HOLDERS IN THE "ORIENTAL" ARE UNDER NO LIABILITY WHATEVER.

Lower Safe Rates than any other Office.

6. Office young, and therefore free from Old Liabilities.
7. Premiums can be paid Yearly, Half Yearly, Quarterly, Monthly, or for a Limited Number of Years.
8. CLAIMS PAID ONE MONTH AFTER PROOF OF DEATH.
9. Liberal Surrender Value of 35 per cent.
10. Policies in the Form of Promissory Notes, and thus easily NEGOTIABLE AS A MARKETABLE SECURITY.
11. Entire Direction in India.
12. Special Protection to Assignees.
13. The Most Economical Management.
14. Preliminary Expenses Rs. 970-15-0 only.
15. Lapsed Policies Revived without Fine.
16. Policy-holders can appoint their own Trustees, Auditors, or Consulting Actuary.
17. Medical Examinations arranged anywhere to suit Assurers.
18. PENSION BRANCH open to all Races.
19. No Restriction on Travel.

Plans Simple, Tedious Details in Effecting Assurances Abolished.

Detailed Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, Reports, and full particulars on application to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.

HEAD OFFICE, 9, Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.
Or any of the Agents in India.

MUIR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, CAWNPORE.

CABUL SERVICE TENTS.
(of Regulation sizes and weights.)

7 feet square weighing 80 lb. Rs. 75
10 „ „ „ 150 „ 120

WATERPROOF SHEETS.

Size.	Price.
7 feet by 4½ feet	3 12 6 each.
7 „ by 7 „	6 2 0 „
4 „ by 4 „ for horses	2 0 0 „

Blue Broad Cloth for servants, 56 inches wide, at 2 rupees per yard.

Superior Khakhie Dyed Drill at 6 annas and 7 annas per yard, 27 inches wide.

The above rates are for delivery at Cawnpore Railway Station.

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